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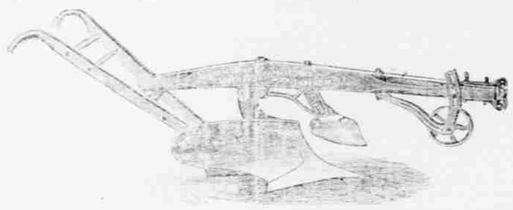

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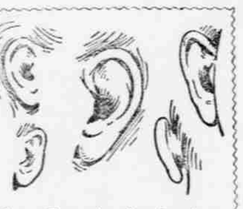

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## AFTER THE BLOOMING.

Oh, little rosebud with petals red,
As you nod by the garden wall
And dewdrops drink,
Do you ever think
That some day your petals will fall?
Some day your fragrance will all be gone,
Your sweetness a thing of the past?
For it matters not how
Much prized you are now,
Little rosebuds cannot always last.

And, oh, little maiden, with eyes so blue,
As you sing, and laugh, and are gay,
Does it come to you
That some day, too,
Your roses will pass away?

But the little rosebud nods on by the wall,
Caressed by the winds so free;
And the blue-eyed girl
Swings in the mad whirl
Unheeding the song and me.
Oh, wise little rosebud and wise little girl,
Why turn to the dark ere you must?
Nod on and laugh on
'Till your pleasures are gone.
Live to-day! For the morrow—trust!
—Johnstone Murray, in Womankind.

## A QUEER ADVENTURE.

It happened about seven years ago. I had been transacting some business in London, and was returning by the afternoon mail to my home in the country. Being the only occupant of the carriage in which I rode, I broke the tedium of the journey by reading, in the dim light of the chill December day, some of the several periodicals with which I had furnished myself at the bookstall previous to my departure from the station.

The papers at that time were full of accounts respecting some startling outrages committed just previously by a band of desperate nihilists, who, in their own particular manner, were levying war upon civilization in a well-known European capital. The reports were alarmingly graphic, and an air of insecurity was engendered by reading them, for rumor had it that the ramifications were well-nigh limitless, extending into other lands besides their own, and it was plainly hinted that England was shortly to receive a special share of their attentions.

I read on until the growing darkness rendered the operation too difficult to be longer indulged in, and then mused upon what I had read until, half my journey being accomplished, it became necessary for me to change my train. With a quarter of an hour to spare, I entered the buffet attached to the station at which I had stopped, with the object of obtaining some needed refreshment. Having eaten nothing since breakfast, I was hungry, and looked round for something substantial wherewith to appease my appetite.

The only available thing beside the usual sandwich was a German sausage, which I began to tackle without the least compunction. Although not an edible that I usually indulged in—to be correct, I had never before tasted it—the inelegant polony seemed to my sharpened palate quite toothsome food, and I ate vigorously, and felt, as I believed, all the better for it when the time came to resume my journey.

I had a companion this time, a man who, like myself, was closely wrapped, and who occupied the seat directly opposite to the corner one in which I placed myself. In his hand I noticed that he carried a small, oblong parcel, incased in brown paper and tied with a strip of thin string, so arranged as to form a loop for the fingers that held it.

On starting, my fellow-traveler made a few commonplace remarks about the weather, and later on, with an air of decided sociability, offered me his flask. I am aware that it is not ordinarily advisable to accept hospitality in this way from a stranger, and it is a thing I always set my face against, but, in this instance, I broke through my custom and took the proffered drink, and then, drawing my wraps closely around me, snuggled into my corner, and tried to make myself comfortable for the rest of the ride.

I had not been long thus ensconced when a kind of drowsy stupor began to creep over me, which steadily increased, despite repeated efforts on my part to shake it off. As I sat in this semi-conscious state, my thoughts reverted to the nihilistic literature I had been reading, and instantly it occurred to me that the brandy I had been drinking was drugged. The thought was not a pleasant one, and somewhat alarmed by it I made a farther attempt to rouse myself from the lethargy into which I was falling, but without success. Suddenly I lost consciousness entirely, and everything became a blank.

It was only for a few moments, however, for my senses returned as quickly as they had left me, although my power of action was quite gone. I seemed like a person under the influence of some mesmeric spell, from which there is no escape. In this condition my gaze instinctively turned to my companion, and I noticed, as I thought, a mysterious change in his appearance. His complexion had assumed a malignant air, his eyes wore a wild look, and round his mouth there curled a cunning smile.

As I sat watching him, he began to undo the parcel in his hands, and drawing away the paper in which it was inclosed, exposed to view a box apparently made of tin. A little hinged door on one of its sides, which he presently opened, showed that the interior was filled with a species of clockwork arrangement, and instinctively I guessed that the thing I beheld was one of those diabolical inventions which have come to be known by the term of infernal machines.

On beholding this horrible engine of destruction, which, for aught I knew, might be fused ready for its dreadful work, my first thought was to stretch out my hand for the communication cord, and, by stopping the train, let the authorities know the manner of man they were carrying; but, on attempting to rise, I found that my limbs utterly refused their office, and I was as helpless as though I had been bound hand and foot. My companion, evidently divining my intention, spoke.

"You are powerless to move," he said, addressing me. "The potion imbibed from my flask is a special decoction which will prevent action on your part for some time to come. So sit still and listen! You know, doubtless, what this is," he continued, pointing to the box, which he had placed on the seat beside him, "and most likely you guess what I am at the present time. In case you do not, I will tell you at once that I am one of that noble band who have for their object in life the emancipation of mankind from the tyranny of authority!"

"In other words, you are a nihilist—a dynamitard?" I suggested.

"Use those terms if you like," he replied. "There is nothing in a name. Acts are the things whereby men are judged. Hear what I have to say! The society to which I belong has decreed the immediate doom of an authoritative rule, and with that object has dispatched emissaries far and wide to carry out its behests. A big blow is shortly to be struck, and there is not a country in the whole of Europe which will escape it. Russia, Germany, Austria, France, all are condemned, and even England, the vaunted home of the free, is not to be exempt. At the present moment, there are 99 picked men, armed with the most deadly bombs, in London itself, awaiting the signal to commence. One more worker is required, and I am commissioned to find some one to supply the want. I have done so, and my choice falls upon you!"

I started in my seat at these words, uttered in a fiercely earnest tone. He concluded:

"You, yes, you must become one of us; must enroll yourself under the banner of emancipation, and strike a blow for liberty!"

"And what if I refuse?" I inquired, as quietly as my excitement would allow. He leaned forward, and hissed rather than spoke in my ear:

"If you will not do this, then you yourself are doomed! Mark me, unless you join our ranks you will never leave this train alive!"

"Who will prevent me?" I asked, again making a vain endeavor to rise.

"I will!" he shouted, fiercely.

"I defy you!" I exclaimed, with a firmness I did not really feel, thinking that a determined attitude might possibly overawe him, for assassins are invariably cowards. I was mistaken in my man, however, for on hearing my words he put his hand under the cloak that enveloped him and drew forth a poniard, the sharp-pointed edge of which he felt critically with the tip of his finger.

"I will give you one minute in which to consider your decision," he said, "and if at the end of that time you remain obdurate, then this blade goes straightway through your heart!"

In order, I suppose, to amuse himself during the interval he pricked several holes with the point of the instrument in his arm just above the wrist, from each of which the blood squirted in small, purple jets, showing how sharp was the weapon's edge. In a little while he said:

"The time is up. What say you now?"

"What I said before," I replied. "Do your worst!"

Instantly he sprang to his feet and clutched me by the throat.

"Coward!" I cried, half choking, as I was, and struggling in his iron grasp.

The epithet seemed to maiden him, for his face became livid with sudden rage, his eyes glared wildly and his breath came in thick and hurried gasps.

"You shall never say that again!" he shouted, tightening his hold until the blood swelled up in my face and my eyes seemed ready to burst from their sockets.

With the energy of despair I made one final attempt to recover my power of action, and felt that I was succeeding. The effect of the potion was evidently working off, and with use returning to my limbs I realized that now was my time. Concentrating all the strength I had into one tremendous effort, I managed to free myself from his grip and immediately closed with him. We struggled violently together for a few seconds, neither gaining the mastery, and then I stumbled and we both fell to the ground, he uppermost. It seemed that my hour was come, for in his hand he held the deadly weapon. As I saw the gleaming blade descend in one swift stroke I raised my voice and shouted—

"Tickets, please! All tickets ready!"

It was the summons of the collector. I rubbed my eyes and looked around. There was my fellow traveler sitting quietly on the seat opposite, regarding me with an amused expression on his face.

"Been sleeping?" he queried, as my gaze caught his.

"I suppose I have," was my hazy reply.

"And dreaming, too," he added, with a smile; "unpleasantly, I should guess, by your manner."

It was so. The substantial repast of which I had partaken had been the means of bringing on a heavy slumber which lasted right on to my journey's end, and the fearful adventure through which I had been passing was not, as I had imagined it, a thing of reality, but only a horrid nightmare, engendered by the reception of a mass of indigestible food into a constitutionally dyspeptic stomach.

My companion, of course, was no more a nihilist than I was. The only fusible article inside his brown-paper parcel was a box containing a hundred choice cigars; and his flask, he assured me, held nothing more injurious to the system than a quantity of fine old Cognac.

As I related to him the experience through which I had gone he indulged in a hearty laugh, and, while I could not refrain from joining him, even at my own expense, I inwardly registered a vow to give German sausage a very wide berth for the future.—Tit-Bits.

## THEIR NAMES NOT KNOWN.

A New York man who discovered a fire in a tenement early a few mornings ago aroused the sleeping inmates by firing a pistol several times in the hall.

A new York florist has just paid $10,000 for the sole rights to the Michigan carnation known as "Murella." It is a very large flower of a deep red color.

A Kieff clerk went chess mad recently. He threw up his position, played chess all day long, and when he could find no partner played alone. Finally he bought a rope and hanged himself.

A young woman of Lyons, who had probably read "Boccaccio," but not Rogers' "Ginevra," shut up one lover in a trunk when another knocked at her door. She then went out and forgot all about the matter till the next day, when she found the man in the trunk dead and the police unwilling to accept her explanation.

## THE STORY OF AN I. D. B.

"Well, old man," said an unfamiliar voice, as I was waiting for my train at Liverpool street, "you're not a day older. Going home to tea in the same old, steady fashion? What, don't you know me? I should have known you anywhere!"

With puzzled eyes I turned and stared at a big, bronzed bearded man whom I had no recollection of having seen before. He laughed loudly at my perplexity—so loudly that several people stared at us, which as a staid city man, hating to be conspicuous, I very much disliked. Consequently it was in no friendly fashion that I eyed the stranger who thus noisily claimed acquaintance.

"Don't you remember Harry Downham," he said, at last, "who worked under you in that dug-hole of an office long ago—where I suppose you're still grinding on in the same old way? Shake!" he added, peremptorily, thrusting out a huge sunburnt hand with which he grasped mine till my fingers were crushed. "Now you must come and dine with me. Your wife? Oh! she won't mind your playing truant for once;" and in a short time my masterful acquaintance and I were seated opposite each other in a well-known restaurant.

Yes, I did now remember him. But he was changed indeed from the slim young fellow who had been the flightiest clerk in the office, and whose shortcomings had, after innumerable grumblings on the part of the firm, led to his dismissal. Occasional surmises had since been indulged in by his former comrades as to his career, none of them of a complimentary kind, as I candidly remarked.

"They weren't so far wrong," he answered, carelessly. "I was never fit for humdrum life and bricks and mortar. The wild freedom of uncivilized regions was my ideal. Would you like to hear my adventures? though your rigid respectability may be somewhat rudely shocked."

Of course I assented. One always has a certain curiosity about an acquaintance who disappears in impecunious guise, and turns up years afterwards with all the external signs of wealth which Downham showed in rather too pronounced a fashion for good taste.

"Where have you come from?" I said looking at his bronzed face curiously.

"From South Africa. Landed at Southampton two days ago. Am I going back? No, sir, not much. It wouldn't be healthy. The country's too hot—in all senses. I've made my pile, and am going to settle down in the south of France, where my sister's been living as a governess for years. Poor girl, she'll know what leisure and luxury are now; and there's a charming place I've bought there. Climate and surroundings just suit me, for my chest, big as I look, sometimes gets wrong.

"What have I done in South Africa? All sorts of things. But my last and most, or rather sole, successful part was that of an I. D. B."

I looked at him in some perplexity, for what he meant I could not guess.

He watched me with an amused smile. "You seem puzzled, old man," he said. "It's nothing to do with dynamite (I started—being a nervous man). Not but what explosions of a sort are sometimes its consequence. I thought you knew what those mysterious initials meant. They're as plain in South Africa as A B C in your foggy island. I. D. B. means an illicit diamond buyer. An illicit diamond is one which has been conveyed—good word that, Shakespearean, isn't it?—from the mine in other than legal fashion. And there's a deal of legality, let me tell you, in diamond digging. There's a big staff of officials to look after it. Illicit diamonds are usually found and disposed of by the Kaffirs employed in the mines—though by no means only by them—and sold much below their value to—well—speculators like myself, who take their chance in view of the big profit."

"What?" I gasped. "Then you have actually bought—stolen property!"

"Well," he said, coolly refilling our glasses, "that's perhaps your way of putting it here. It's not ours in South Africa. Besides, I think I've heard even in this respectable city of money lenders buying reversions for a mere song, and speculators purchasing stocks and shares from despondent holders, knowing secretly that those stocks and shares were going up in a day or two with a bound. Also of houses and land bought, from private knowledge of a speedy demand for them, for a trifle, the sellers being quite ignorant of it. Haven't you heard of such things?"

I did not reply. I was too much upset. Here was I, a head clerk of many years' standing, dining and drinking champagne at the cost of an illicit diamond buyer.

"However," he resumed, somewhat tartly, "I don't ask for your approval; I simply wanted to amuse you with the story of my adventures; so you may imagine I'm soliloquizing.

"Why should the mining companies have the monopoly of all the diamond yielding districts?" he continued, in a fierce tone (and I thought it best to drink my champagne since the bottle was opened, and say nothing—these adventurers sometimes carry revolvers, I believe). "There's a big profit in these things. The law is very stringent, and there's great difficulty in passing the stones from the finder to the I. D. B. But the profit tempts people—and in all classes, too, let me tell you—to engage directly or indirectly in the traffic.

"I began very modestly, and as capital increased I increased my speculations. At last, suspicion was awakened, and I was searched when leaving the fields. But the searcher, though very pertinacious and clever, had been seen by me before I saw him. I was smoking a big Dutch pipe, and this gave me an idea. 'Sublime tobacco that from the east to west!' You don't smoke yet, I suppose? No! Oh, you've missed a good deal of life's pleasures.—Well, I popped my four diamonds into the big bowl, covered it with 'baccy, and went on puffing and chaffing the searcher, who was burning to distinguish himself. I knew that this defeat would make him more pertinacious than ever. And so it was. Now I had bought of a Kaffir some stones of great value, and how to get them out safely puzzled me not a little. Some fellows under similar circumstances had recently tried various dodges which had long been popular, false boot heels, hollow riding whips, and so on, and in each case the diamonds had been discovered with very unpleasant consequences. For years of compulsory working at the breakwater, for instance, may be the result, and yet I was determined to chance it rather than lose these stones, which I shall never forget for the trouble they cost me.

"After perplexing myself day and night—my enemy X always hovering about near me—a sudden idea flashed into my brain. I had a particularly ugly bulldog who was of a surly disposition, and was much laughed at on account of my fondness for him. The dog wore a thick collar which was a necessity, and that collar gave me the "tip." I removed it, cut slips in the inside and put the diamonds in them. As I was leaving the fields, X, of course, pounced on me, and I affected a certain amount of uneasiness, which produced on his mind corresponding glee."

Here Downham paused and opened his pocketbook, and from it he took the photo of about as ugly, ferocious and disreputable a bulldog as was ever associated with heroes of the Bill Sykes class.

"Isn't he a beauty?" he said, fondly, as he handed me the photo. "I shall always love that poor dog; he died on the voyage home from the absurd prejudices of some of the passengers who didn't appreciate his playful nature—as I'm pretty sure—and pushed him overboard; at any rate he disappeared. Yes, sir, that dog got my best haul through!"

"Didn't X search him?" I timidly queried.

"Search him! Everybody gave him as wide a berth as they could—they were under delusions about him, pretty creature! No—poor Grip lay down, while the clever X was fussing about me, and growled at him. 'Send that infernal dog of yours off,' he said, irritably, and little did he think when I obediently did so that he was sending off the biggest haul of I. D.'s he was ever likely to find. Of course he found nothing on me, and his rage was a caution. However, he went off, and some days later I started homewards by leisurely stages.

"I felt pretty secure by this time, and carried the diamonds in my pocket. However, as the train left the station for Capetown, I chanced to see one of the diamond fields' detectives jump into the guard van. That was a sufficient hint to me to make things snug, but how to get rid of the diamonds this time I could not see, as Grip wasn't accompanying me that journey. Looking round the carriage, I saw a broken black bottle under the seat. There was my cache, as the Indians say."

"But surely the detective," I mildly interposed, "would have looked under the seat?"

"Well, I suppose he would," duly remarked Downham, "unless he were as big an idiot as—some people. Just wait, my good friend, before you credit a man with congenital idiocy."

I shrank back silent. He looked fierce and dagger-like, and on the whole I began to wish I'd gone to Liverpool street for some other train.

"What I did," he resumed, "was this: I wrapped up all the stones in pieces of newspaper, and carefully put them into the bottle, filling up the spaces by more paper as tightly as possible. Then I looked carelessly out of the window, smoking, but my eye always on the guard's van. When I saw nobody looking out—of course the chap thought I hadn't seen him, and was probably telling the guard what a fine haul he was going to make—I quietly dropped the broken bottle clear of the line, marking the spot—one's eye gets well trained out on the veldt, you know."

"At the next station up came the detective. They have power to search suspects, you know, and I was accordingly rummaged again. But this chap, Z, let's say, was as unsuccessful and as riled as X. Of course, I hadn't a diamond about me. And much indignation did I display. Some days later I went back to the place where I dropped my black bottle, found it and its contents intact. After that I had no more adventures with those stones, and they—partly—bought my place in the south of France.

"Yes, they're very clever, those D. F. D.'s, and have many people in their pay, both black and white, called 'traps.' They don't usually make mistakes, but they did in my case. What do you think?" concluded Downham, emptying his glass.

What I thought I certainly was not going to say, and, indeed, I hardly knew where I was. It was an awful experience for a steady-going man of business whose career has been as unruffled as a duck pond. I parted from him, however, with much outward cordiality, but I have not seen him since. I sincerely hope he will remain at his place in the south of France, which I shall carefully avoid if I ever visit the continent.—Chambers' Journal.

### In Real Life.

"You have no heart."

Pale, but tearless, she stood before him, and looked him squarely in the eye.

She was poor, but proud. Adverse fortune had reduced her wardrobe to a calico basis, driven her and her only surviving mother to the top flat of a Wabash avenue apartment house, and hardened the lines about her still beautiful mouth, but it could not dim the luster of her blue-black eye or tame the unconquerable spirit that animated every fiber of the lissome form standing erect with unconscious grace and awaiting his answer.

"You have no heart," she repeated.

"No, miss," replied the butcher, "but we've got some mighty nice liver. Will that do just as well?"—Chicago Tribune.

### Education in Old Peru.

Education was monopolized by the Incas and the nobility. The teachers were called "amauta." The "quipu" were the books. The quipu was a small cord from one to two feet long, made of variously colored threads twisted together. From this other and thinner cords were hung, forming a fringe; all the cords were of different colors. The colors represented objects, such as gold, silver; sometimes white signified peace; red, war; but they were chiefly used for calculation.

## WILLFUL WILLIAM.

### The Autocratic Methods of the German Emperor.

**His Passion for Saying and Doing Things in a Sensational Manner—He Utterly Ignores the Makers of the Empire.**

The most interesting figure in Europe at present is the young German emperor. He is the last of the kings among men who go to the housetop to proclaim that in their sacred persons the sovereign rules by "divine right," and that a king is still "the Lord's anointed." Like to Webster's old soldier, he is a ruler that has come down to us from a former generation, or rather a former age, the dark or the middle one, when there was no pretension that royalty might not aspire to which was not readily acknowledged by the popular mind. The elder king might and did claim that a divinity did hedge him about, and that the leper who touched only the hem of the royal mantle would depart whole and clean, and his claims to anything, natural or supernatural, were conceded to be good. "The king can do no wrong" is still a pleasant legal fiction, but it was once a matter of popular belief. Nobody really believes it now, but the young emperor tries to make it appear as if everybody believes it, and he has no doubt convinced himself that he does. How he can do so in view of the criticisms made upon him and his conduct by even a part of the press of his own country and the caricature and ridicule of the foreign newspapers, especially of the London Punch, seems incomprehensible. That he is not at all like one of the old kings of the middle ages, as he pretends to be, who ruled absolutely, whose will or whim was the only law of his subjects, is easily demonstrated, not only by the fact that the people have their representative legislature, who make the laws, impose taxes, and make or refuse to make appropriations, but that his old chancellor, banished and stripped of all authority, can and does arraign and defy him and his policy, and cannot be silenced or punished for his obduracy.

The truth is that Emperor William is really a make-believe survivor of the old sort of kings who ruled autocratically, absolutely, and, as was contended, were kings by divine right. He does the most extraordinary things and says them, and all the world, even in Berlin, looks on at the spectacle and laughs as if the kaiser were a king of a sprightly burlesque set before them on the stage. He is always in evidence in one way or another, and always suggesting an elder sort of royalty. At the banquet of the Brandenburg diet, speaking apropos of the silver jubilee of the empire, he made a number of exceedingly florid and sentimental references to the special grace of Heaven to him and his house since he has been emperor. He exalted kingship and his grandfather directly, and thereby, indirectly, himself. "What have we witnessed," he said, "and what has been effected, we owe solely to the great Emperor William and his trust in God. The entire celebrations of the victories of the German arms, which were held in 1896, culminated in the glorification of his personality, which has become nothing less than holy to us." Not a word about the old chancellor, who was not royal except in his majesty of mind and purpose; but who was the master of William and who really won all those victories and out of them constructed the mighty German empire, with comparatively insignificant Prussia as a nucleus, and out of its king created an emperor, and gave this brash young swashbucker a chance to make himself so interesting and picturesque a personage.

Referring further to his grandfather, and as if to wholly obliterate Bismarck and what he had done, the emperor said: "It is our sacred duty to preserve his personality and hallowed memory against all comers," including, of course, Bismarck and all that group of great statesmen and soldiers who planned and fought with him for the making of the empire, and who gave William II. the opportunity he is now enjoying of posing as an old-time king, to the great amusement of the 19th century. The czar of Russia is a real autocrat, but even he is an up-to-date monarch. He does not send hysterical messages to Mr. Kruger, write songs or paint allegorical pictures, make ridiculous speeches or pretend to be absolute with the Reichstag saying nay to his schemes of education, taxation, or militarism. The young emperor is a source of universal interest, not only because of what he does, but of the expectation of the more extraordinary or ridiculous things he may do next. He keeps alive, by his prancing and posing, memories of a royalty that is forever past, and suggests, not what a king is, but what a king would be if 19th century civilization and political progress would let him disport himself to the top of his bent. Nobody except England and Bismarck gets really angry with him, barring members of the family of his grandfather that he turns out of doors or locks up in their castles when the royal humor takes him; he is not offensive, but amusing, interesting and picturesque as a pretender to a sort of majesty that has no existence outside of history.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

## SHARKS' FINS ARE HIGH.

**Becoming Scarce, and Chinese Statesmen Are Greatly Exercised.**

Chinese politicians are doubtless making great capital out of the fact just now that the price of sharks' fins has gone up enormously of late. Whether this is really due to these hot sea leviathans becoming scarcer, like whales, or to their displaying more activity in evading capture, is disputable, but the fact remains that their fins, as a delicacy, are becoming dearer and dearer.

It is generally supposed that sharks' fins are never eaten outside of the celestial empire, but they do occasionally figure in select banquets in England and France. So far as known they have not become a staple luxury in this country, however, though they are occasionally served at banquets given by San Francisco epicures. The Chinese are very fond of them, and, notwithstanding the cost of the last war, still show such a desire for these delicacies that the price is still rising.

## FADS IN THINGS TO EAT.

**Articles of Diet Which Are Alleged by Cranks to Have Medicinal Value.**

Celery is invaluable as a food for those suffering from any form of rheumatism, for disease of the nerves, and nervous dyspepsia.

Lettuce for those suffering from insomnia.

Watercress is a remedy for scurvy.

Peanuts for indigestion. They are especially recommended for corpulent diabetes. Peanuts are made into a wholesome and nutritious soups, are browned and used as coffee, are eaten as a relish simply baked, or are prepared and served as salted almonds.

Onions are almost the best nervine known. No medicine is so useful in cases of nervous prostration, and there is nothing else that will so quickly relieve and tone up a wornout system. Onions are useful in all cases of coughs, colds and influenza; in consumption, insomnia, hydrophobia, scurvy, gravel and kindred liver complaints. Eaten every other day they soon have a clearing and whitening effect on the complexion.

Spinach is useful to those with gravel.

Asparagus is used to induce perspiration.

Carrots for sufferers from asthma.

Turnips for nervous disorders and for scurvy.

Raw beef proves a great benefit to persons of frail constitution and to those suffering from consumption. It is chopped fine, seasoned with salt, and heated by placing it in a dish of hot water. It assimilates rapidly and affords the best nourishment.

Eggs contain a large amount of nutriment in a compact, quickly available form. Beaten up raw with sugar they are used to clear and strengthen the voice. With sugar and lemon juice the beaten white of egg is to relieve hoarseness.

Honey is wholesome, strengthening, cleansing, healing and nourishing.

Fresh ripe fruits are excellent for purifying the blood and toning up the system. As specific remedies oranges are aperient. Sour oranges are highly recommended for rheumatism.

Cranberries for erysipelas are used externally as well as internally.

Lemons for feverish thirst in sickness, for biliousness, low fevers, rheumatism, coughs, colds, liver complaint, etc.

Blackberries as a tonic. Useful in all forms of diarrhea.

Tomatoes are a powerful aperient for the liver, a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia and indigestion. Tomatoes are invaluable in all conditions of the system in which the use of calomel is indicated.

Figs are aperient and wholesome. They are said to be valuable as food for those suffering from cancer; they are used externally as well as internally.

Apples are useful in nervous dyspepsia; they are nutritious, medicinal and vitalizing; they aid digestion, clear the voice, correct the acidity of the stomach, and are valuable in rheumatism, insomnia and liver troubles. An apple contains as much nutriment as a potato in a pleasanter and more wholesome form.

Grapes dissolve and dislodge gravel and calculi and bring the stomach and bowels to a healthy condition.

Pie plant is wholesome and aperient; is excellent for rheumatic sufferers and useful for purifying the blood.—Housekeeper.

## ELECTRICAL FLASHES.

It is expected that the electric light of the future will be obtained by the utilizing of broken or alternate currents.

Electricity is now applied to the typewriter. A recent invention provides means for moving the carriage and roller of the machine by electricity.

If all the telegraph lines of the world were combined and stretched in one straight line they would reach 881,000 miles, or enough to encircle the earth 33 times.

The process of electro-zincing is being preferred in England to galvanizing, especially for the tubes of boilers for marine work. The adhesion of the zinc to the iron is considered superior to that obtained by the old process.

An electric boring plant has been ordered for the State salt mines at Hallein, Germany. The plant will comprise a high-pressure turbine, coupled direct to a continuous-current dynamo and two boring machines.

In what is known as the Zerener system of electric welding the electric arc is deflected in any desired direction by means of an adjustable horseshoe electro-magnet. The arc is drawn out like a blowpipe flame of extraordinary intensity, and is made to do welding and brazing in positions ordinarily quite out of reach.

## THE MUSICIANS.

Wagner's "Walkure" was given 17 times in succession at the Argentina theater in Rome.

F. H. Cowen, the composer, has been selected to conduct the Manchester and Liverpool Philharmonic concerts, in succession to the late Sir Charles Halle.

The once distinguished prima donna, Mme. Etelka Gerster, who, after a short but brilliant career at Her Majesty's theater and also in the United States, partially lost her singing voice, is about to start a vocal academy in Berlin.

During her recent stay at Rome the pope received Minnie Hauk in special audience, and gave her permission to be present at the private mass celebrated by the pope himself in his private chapel on New Year's day. A few days afterward the singer was presented to the queen of Italy, at the queen's own desire, and sang a few songs at the Quirinal.

### Too Gallant.

"Yes, I told him that it was said that kisses were much sweeter in the dark—"

"And he turned down the gas?"

"The idiot did nothing of the kind. He just sat there like a stick and said that if a girl were as handsome as I, he thought darkness would detract from the pleasantness of the occasion. It was a very nice compliment, but there is time to speak and to act."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

—Reptiles and fishes are not generally provided with eyelids, these protections being to them unnecessary.

# Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - APRIL 10, 1896.


### MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The members of the Cambria County Democratic committee are hereby summoned to meet in convention at the COURT HOUSE, EBENSBURG, MONDAY, APRIL 13th, 1896, at 1o'clock P M. for the purpose of electing six delegates to the Democratic State Convention, three congressional conferees, three senatorial conferees, and to transact such other business as may be properly brought to their attention.

Many Democrats are of the opinion that the county convention should be held earlier this year than in the past year or two, and for the purpose of getting an expression of the party on that question, each committeeman will, prior to the meeting, inquire of the Democrats of his district, to ascertain their wishes on the subject. Voters having a preference as to the date for the county convention are requested to see their respective committeemen so that their opinions may be heard at the meeting of the committee.

H. A. ENGLEHART,
Chairman Cambria County Democratic committe.
Ebensburg, Pa., March 18th, 1896.

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AT Harrisburg on Wednesday, Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction Stewart, rendered an opinion in an important matter that interests the teachers of the state. The McKeesport public school directors, at a recent meeting adopted a motion to the effect that "all teachers be required to undergo an examination, regardless of their normal school diplomas, permanent or professional certificates." The question was referred to the department of public instruction, as to wh ther the board had a right to adopt such a rule. In the opinion Mr. Stewart says that "graduates of state normal schools hold a normal school certificate, or diploma, lawfully granted to them by the state board of examiners, which certificate, or diploma, exempts the holder from further examination in any of the branches named thereon." The deputy superintendent declares that the action of the McKeesport board, if carried into effect, will be regarded as an unwarranted and arbitrary exercise of official authority.

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THE three Republican candidates for the presidency, says the Philadelphia *Record*, who are most prominently urged are McKinley, Allison and Reed. It is a curious fact that their popularity seems to be proportioned to the quality of their unsoundness on the currency question.

McKinley, who leads the list, voted for the original Bland bill providing for free and unlimited coinage. When the bill came back from the senate with limitations as the Bland Allison act, he also voted for it as amended. After it had been vetoed by President Hayes he voted in favor of its passage over the veto. Mr. Allison was only one step behind McKinley in his silver record. He did not vote for free and unlimited coinage, but his name is associated with the legislation of 1878. His record on the silver question is bad and his responsibility is much greater than McKinley's because of his superior knowledge and abilities.

Mr. Reed voted against the original Bland bill, against the Bland-Allison bills and in favor of sustaining the Haye veto. But with McKinley and Allison he voted in 1890 for the Sherman Silver Purchase act, which was a sop thrown to the silver mine senators in order to secure the passage of that McKinley tariff bill. This political deal was infamous. Mr. Reed has further compromised himself by his leanings toward the establishment of bimetallism by the levy of tariff wars to secure international compliance.

No platform utterance at St. Louis can wipe from the record of McKinley, Allison and Reed the stain of their past performances. If it be true that they have repented of past follies and changed their minds they should take the public into their confidence. Until they shall have done so it is fair to presume that they are not sound on the financial question. Their popularity, however, indicates that they are as sound as their party, and that a straddling platform may be expected suited to straddling candidates.

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THE secret organization known as the A. P. A., says the Bellefonte *Watchman*, will be a factor in the presidential contest and will make itself felt in the councils of the Republican party. Springing into prominence since the last presidential election, its proscr p ive policy has not been objectionable to the Republican party, which has accepted it as a political ally and been benefitted at the polls by its sneaking oath bound methods. The recent sweeping Republican majorities were largely due to the vote contributed by this secret organization, it having the sudden effect in politics that was produced by the Know Nothing movement at an earlier period of our political history.

It would be morally impossible for it to be allied with the Democratic party, and the advantage it gives to the opponents of Democracy can be but temperary. The character of its policy carries with it its own destruction. The A. P. A.'s will soon attempt to dominate the Republican party. The St Louis convention will be full of them, and they will make themselves felt in shaping its action.

From a number of the states the delegates to that convention are members of this clandestine association and sworn to obey its mandates. It is entirely natural that they should be for McKinley, for so narrow-minded and proscriptive an organization necessarily sympathizes with the narrow economic policy that would restrict the commercial freedom of this country. McKinley will have the solid A. P. A. vote at St. Louis and that oath-bound fellowship is a power that will have to be taken into account by the Republican national convention. The advantage of such an alliance has its drawbacks which the g. o. p. will discover before they are through with it.

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THE Democratic county committee, of Cambria county, will meet in this place on next Monday, in accordance with the call of the chairman. The election of six delegates to the state convention will be the most important business before the committee and as the ruling powers of the state Democracy will expect, as a matter of course, the committee to instruct the delegates to support the candidacy of ex-Governor Pattison for the presidency, we suppose there will be the customary effort to fix up a program leading to that result.

Notwithstanding the naming of a candidate from Pennsylvania is regarded by the Democracy of other states as a burlesque, the ex-governor's name will be offered to the committee for endorsement with as much solemnity, and for the same purpose, as the name of Matthew Stanley Quay, was offered to the Republicans.

The fact is apparent that the leaders of the state Democracy, who have already run the party "down at the heel until it is now traveling on its uppers" would feel much better with a delegation to the Chicago convention haltered, and safely tied, until they, (the leaders), are ready to cut them loose, than with a delegation free from the start, to select the best and most available candidate. For this reason the candidacy of the ex-governor is floated before the Democracy of Pennsylvania and state pride in having a candidate for the presidency will assist to gather in the gudgeons It will be Pattison or no one before the committee and in that event, the chances are in favor of gathering them in for Pattison.

A few days ago the Democracy of Crawford county approved the ex-governor's presidential candidacy and elected delegates who are expected to support him, but declared "against any presidential candidate who is not committed to the 16 to 1 free coinage principle."

We believe a majority of the Democracy, of Cambria county, are in favor of sound and honest money, and in this respect at variance with the Democracy, of Crawford county, but we imagine if the committee on Monday instructs the delegates to support the ex-governor's candidacy, there will be no trouble among his supporters about the platform. The ex-governor is not intented to run beyond the wind-up of the Chicago convention and for that purpose any or all platforms will be accepted by his followers.

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There is nothing in Secretary Carlisle's letter to his Kentucky friends, says the Pittsburg *Post*, that takes him out of the list of presidential probabilities on the Democratic side. He simply declines under "existing conditions" to have the formal and authorized announcement made that he is a candidate, and the reason assigned is that he is "much more concerned about its (the party's) declaration of principles than in its selection of candidates, because in my (his) opinion its failure or success at the election, as well as its capacity for useful service in the country in the future, depends upon the position it takes or omits to take upon the questions now engaging the attention of the people, and especially the questions affecting the monetary system of the country, and the character and the amount or the taxation to be imposed upon its citizens."

Put in more specific terms, this refers to the silver question, as there is no material difference of opinion among Democrats on the subject of tariff taxation. On silver there is, and there promises to be a lively contest in the national convention "upon the position it takes or omits to take." In the present juncture, if the Democratic party is to have a future their must be neither lapses of commission nor avoidance in this respect There must be a plain and unequivocal declaration, susceptible of no double meaning.

This assured, there will be no difficulty about a candidate, but good faith and honesty with the people in the platform is the first requisite.

Secretary Carlisle's letter does not change the situation nor in the least affect the question of his candidacy, save that he will not be a candidate or accept a nomination on a free coinage or evasive platform. That is plainly implied. He remains in the hands of his friends subject to this reservation, but asks them from the Democracy of Kentucky at their coming state convention an expression to his public course. This means on the monetary question, as there is no difference on other issues. He is a candidate for the endorsement of his financial policies by the Democracy of his own state. We have little doubt that it will be accorded him or that the Kentucky convention will submit Mr. Carlisle's name to the Democracy of the Union for the presidential nomination.

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THE war department at Washington wants immediate information regarding the actual war strength of the national guard of Pennsylvania, and Lieut. Paxson of the United States army, has been detailed to investigate the condition of arms and equipment, with reference to actual field duty, and to make report as soon as possible how quickly the guard could be mobilized and gotten to Lake Erie for sixty days' service.

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A FEW esteemed contemporaries that are cracking jokes about the "moribund Democratic" seem to have forgotten Platt's prophecy that "the Republican party will not have a walkover this year," and apparently disregard his admonition that they must not be overconfident. The Republican party will find that their supposed moribund opponent is the liveliest corpse it has ever attempted to tackle.

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THE organs of protection are making much of the large number of failures for the first quarter of the present year. But the worst failure of all has been the failure of congress to do anything for the currency. That alone would sufficiently explain all the other failures, leaving wholly out of account the incalculable damage to business resulting from the Jingo folly.

### Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., April 3rd, 1896.—The party flag has been hoisted over Democratic head quarters, in Washington, and the work of the campaign begun. An entire building has been secured, on Fifteenth Street, just above Pennsylvania avenue. It will be occupied as headquarters for the Democratic Congressional committee, and the national association of Democratic clubs, the two having the same secretary—Mr. Lawrence Gardner. There will also be room in the building for the national committee, should it desire to establish in Washington either a branch or its principal headquarters. Senator Faulkner, the chairman of the congressional committee, and all the other members are preparing to make a very determined effort to overthrow the present enormous Republican majority in the house, and they are perfectly satisfied that there is much more than a fighting chance for success. A careful study of the returns of the 1894 elections in all the congressional districts shows an unusually large number of districts carried by very small majorities by the Republicans, and a comparison of the votes in the same districts for '92 will show that this result was brought about in many of them simply by Democrats remaining at home There is very little doubt that a majority of the next house will be Democratic, if the full Democratic vote can be got out. The congressional committee will take special effort in that line, in districts which are naturally Democratic The failure of the Republicans of the present house to keep the promises they made on the stump will, it is expected, help the Democrats in all districts where the class of voters who never permanently ally themselves with either party hold the balance of power. Many of that class voted with the Republicans in '94, who may be induced to vote for a Democrat this year.

Senator Vilas, who was President Cleveland's first postmaster General, is specially well qualified to speak on the subject of government mail subsidies. He made the senate amendment to the post office appropriation bill, giving $80,000 additional compensation to the Oceanic Steamship Company for carrying the mails from San Francisco to Hawaii and other points, the text for some interesting remarks, in which he said that the mail subsidy system, which he opposed when he was postmaster general, had entirely failed to give a more expeditious or better mail service. The supporters of subsidy defended the amendment on the ground that it was made necessary by the competing subsidized Canadian line of Pacific Steamers.

There is rather a nasty row among the Republican members of the house committee on public buildings and grounds over the old question of a site for a new government printing office. While no open charge has been made, it was stated by Representative White, of Ill., that Chairman Milliken had railroaded a bill through the committee which provides for the purchase of a site at a price twice as high as a site just as good could be bought for. On the other hand Chairman Milliken intimates that Mr. White if over friendly to those who are interested in the much talked about Mahone site, which has figured somewhat disreputably in this matter for some years. That much is publicly said. What is privately said is of such a nature that it would not be safe to print unless you had indisputable legal proof to back it up with.

According to the opinion of Mr. Henry E. Queen, a prominent Kentuckian now in Washington, Secretary Carlisle will be the Democratic candidate for president. Mr. Queen says of Mr. Carlisle as a candicate: "He would carry Kentucky by at least 40,000 majority, and he would not fail of success in a single southern state. To the Eastern and middle states Democrats he would be particularly acceptable. As far as Kentucky is concerned, there is an end of party dissensions, and henceforth the Blue Grass Democrats will be found working in harmony, and the electoral vote of the state will be cast for the Democratic nominee, whoever he may be."

There will be no political reorganization of the employes of the senate. This was definitely settled at a conference of representatives of the Republican and Democratic senators, and was brought about because the Republicans did not want to agree to the demands made by the populists for voting with them to elect the secretary and sergeant-at-arms nominated by them early in the session, nor the Democrats to make a deal with populists to vote against them. Under the new arrangement the Democratic secretary and sergeant at arms will be retained, and each senator, regardless of politics, will be given his pro rata share of the minor positions. M.

### Cable to China and Japan.

Washington, April 3.—Representative Bennett, of New York, to day laid before the house commerce committee at their meeting a substitute for the various Hawaiian cable bills already introduced it provides that the cable shall extend from San Francisco to Honolulu, thence to the midway island and to China and Japan. The government is to make a subsidy of $160,000 for twenty years, government business to be carried free of cost for all time. The tolls to China and Japan are fixed at $1.25 a word and to Honolulu at thirty-five cents a word with press dispatch rates at one-fourth these amounts. The general sentiment of the committee is reported to be favorable to the proposition, although some thought the amount of the subsidy should be reduced.

### Three Dead in Bed.

Pittsburg, April 6.—Francesca Russo, aged thirty-five years, arrived in Pittsburg from Naples Saturday evening last. He was met at Union station by his brother inlaw, Gacienta Crucio, aged twenty six years. After spending a social evening together, they applied for lodging at an Italian boarding house, No 607 Webster avenue, kept by Frank Torchia. The trio retired about midnight. This was the last seen of them until at noon to-day their dead bodies were found in the room they occupied, all in one bed. Death had resulted from asphyxiation, they having evidently blown out the gas. The bodies were removed to the morgue. They had announced their intention to go to Johnstown to-day to secure employment.

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Cadiz, April 3.—The British schooner Robin Hood, Captain Dingle, has been brought into this port in an extraordinary manner. The schooner left St. John's in charge of her captain and owner and his two children. Captain Dingle died when the little craft was in the middle of the Atlantic, and his two children were alone eight days on board the Robin Hood with the dead body of their father. Finally the Robin Hood was sighted by the English schooner Janning, which ran alongside the drifting craft. On board of the latter the children were found in great distress. The Janning put a seaman on board to pilot the Robin Hood on her course and into the nearest port, which turned out to be Cadiz.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**


### A Panic in a Church.

Chicago, April 6.—Eighteen hundred persons were in the Second Baptist Church last night, and the Rev. Dr. Lawrence was in the midst of a sermon when a blazing brand fell among the flowers which surrounded the pulpit. Instantly there was a rush for the door The pastor cried: "If you will resume your seats I will finish my sermon," but as he uttered the last word the hyacinth at his side caught another blazing brand, and then the great chandelier tottered and a sheet of flame rolled over the pastor's head. The terrified worshipers rushed through the aisles and were wedged in a mass at the doors. A woman was being trampled upon when Patrolman Woolsey dragged her upon the steps. She was taken away bleeding and in a swoon by friends who were summoned. The policemen fought his way to the auditorium, where he picked up three women who had fainted. The damage to the church is nominal, and the injuries of those hurt in the rush are not serious.

### In Death's Grip When Arrested.

New York, April 5.—Two negro crooks fought in a Seventh avenue saloon yesterday over their dogs. One killed the other and the victim, with a knife in his throat, laid hold of his slayer and dragged him down with him, hissing into his ear with his dying breath: "If I die I will hold you till the cop comes."

He kept his word. The policeman who was called in by the shouts of the saloon loungers, found the living negro, almost frightened out of his wits, in the grasp of his victim and drenched with his blood. So desperate was the grip that they had to be dragged apart by main strength. The murdered man was Peter Barrett and his slayer Thomas Cooper. The prisoner was held for the coroner's inquest.

### Lost in Death Valley.

Fresno, Cal., April 6.—Another life has been sacrificed to the determination among miners and prospectors to unearth the hidden treasures of Death valley. The latest victim is D. K. Roberts. Roberts started on a prospecting tour into Death valley some time age, but from that day until the present no trace of him has been found and it is feared that he perished. Expeditions to seek the fabled riches of Death valley start out annually. This great expanse of arid land, lying in the Panamint mountains in the southeastern part of Inylo county, is about 400 feet below sea level, and except for springs along its mountain sides is entirely destitute of water.

### Chased by Death.

Topeka, Kan., April 6.—News reached here last night of the terrible death of William and Alice Johnson in a prairie fire Saturday in Morton county. The children were driving from Richfield to their home, 12 miles distant. When a mile beyond Richfield they saw a great fire following them, which had been set by travelers. The wind was blowing at the rate of 40 miles an hour. The children made a heroic effort to outride the fire, but their horse became exhausted and it could go no further. The flames were soon upon them and the children were suffocated The remains were horribly charred.

### The Rush for Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., April 6.—The steam schooner Lakeme sailed for the gold fields at Six Mile creek on Cooks inlet, Alaska, this morning, having 235 passengers and a large cargo of freight. Just before the hour of departure 20 men came ashore, refusing to make the trip owing to the crowded condition of the vessel, and their fares were accordingly refunded. Of those who got away four were young men who had given up good positions at Grand Rapids, Mich., to try their fortunes in the fields of the Cooks inlet region. The steamer Utopia, which sailed Saturday for Alaska, had 125 passengers.

### Workman's Awful Fall.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 3.—John Rees, a carpenter, working on the new Park building being erected on Fifth avenue, lost his life this afternoon in a race for the ground. For weeks there has been a rivalry among the workmen as to who should get first to the street, when the whistle blew. Some of them have swung down a rope from the top story. Rees was delayed a moment, and in his haste to get a ladder, missed his footing and fell 10 stories. In his descent his body brushed a companion sliding on the rope and almost carried him along. Every bone in Rees' body was crushed.

### Black Plague in China.

Washington, D. C., April 6.—A report received at the navy department today from the naval surgeon on duty in China contained the information that the black plague had broken out in Hong Kong. For commercial reasons, he says the authorities have endeavored to keep the fact a secret, but the surgeon thinks this government should be informed to guard against infection at San Francisco. The mortality has been very great, persons attacked with the disease dying in three or four days. The surgeon will remain at Hong Kong to study the plague.

### Killed Wife and Child.

M'Cleansboro, Ill., April 6.—Fred Bemer, living seven miles north of this city, killed his wife and 2-year-old child yesterday afternoon. The woman was cut and mangled in a horrible manner, and her body thrown out and covered with cornstalks and an old carpet. The little boy was hanged by the neck to a rafter. Sheriff Buck and Deputy Sheriff Lane are in pursuit of the murderer, and an angry mob is also in pursuit and a lynching is not improbable.

### Runaway's Wild Plunge.

Coatsville, Pa., April 6.—Escaping steam at the Pennsylvania Railroad station was responsible for a wild runaway. The heavy double team belonging to a Mr. Wagner dashed down Second avenue, at the foot of which they failed to make the turn in time to avoid wrecking the glass front of a dry goods store, after which they crashed into the Union Bank building, with a force sufficient to move several large stones. One of the horses was so badly hurt that he had to be killed.

## SPAIN NOT ALARMED.

### Cuban Resolutions Considered a Blank Cartridge.

### DON'T EXPECT CLEVELAND TO ACT.

**A Friendly Reply Will Be Made If the United States Should Ask as to Spain's Intentions Regarding Cuba—Wild Talk by Some Newspapers.**

LONDON, April 8.—The Times has a dispatch from Madrid which says:

"The Cuban resolutians of the United States congress have been received here with marked calmness and almost indifference, strongly contrasting with the peculiar excitement which followed the passage of the previous resolutions. This can be accounted for in two ways:

"Firstly, the result of the voting was fully anticipated, and secondly, there is a strong impression that President Cleveland will take no immediate action."

A dispatch to The Standard from Madrid says:

"The papers here of every shade of opinion rival each other in censuring the attitude of the United States congress and in declaring that Spain will not tolerate interference, not even friendly mediation. The government and its supporters alone are cool amidst the popular excitement.

"A sensation has been caused by The Epoca stating that a friendly reply would certainly be made if the United States should ask as to Spain's intention with regard to Cuba.

"After the cabinet council, Senor Canovos del Castillo, the premier, stated that all the official and private Washington advices induced the government to believe that President Cleveland would not act on the resolutions, and that therefore the government would maintain an expectant attitude."

### Decided Against Broker Chapman.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The court of appeals in the District of Columbia has affirmed the decision of Judge Cole of the District supreme court in the case of Elverton R. Chapman, the New York broker, sentenced for refusing to answer questions put by the senate sugar investigation committee. Chapman was convicted by the lower court, and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and serve one month in jail. His counsel will take an appeal to the United States supreme court.

### Discussed the Metric System.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The house spent the day debating a bill to fix the standard of weights and measures by the adoption of the metric system on and after July 1, 1898, and a proposition that the government share with the District of Columbia the expense of creating and maintaining a public library in the city of Washington. The latter was defeated, and the fate of the metric system bill still hangs in the balance.

### Agricultural Bill Agreed on.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The conferees of the two houses of congress have reached an agreement on the agricultural appropriation bill, and the report was presented to the senate. The bill as agreed upon appropriates $3,302,792, or about $1,000 less than last session's bill carried.

### Musicians Holding a Convention.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The eleventh annual convention of the National League of Musicians of the United States is in session in this city. The main point of discussion is the competition of government bands with private bands. The delegates denounce the competition as unjust and will urge prohibitory legislation on the subject.

### Count Mattei Dead.

BOLOGNA, April 8.—Count Mattei, the discoverer of a system of medicine which bears his name, is dead. The system was a development of homeopathy, and its adherents include many well-known physicians.

### Measles In President's Family.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The meeting of the cabinet was postponed without date owing to the sudden appearance of the measles in the presidential household, little Esther Cleveland being stricken with it. Mrs. Cleveland and the children have moved to the president's country place at Woodley until the disease runs its course.

### The Booths In Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Ballington Booth and his wife addressed a meeting of fully 5,000 people in the Auditorium last night. Both made addresses, saying that they were in no way antagonistic to the Salvation Army, but that they proposed to conduct a movement similar to the work of that organization along parallel lines.

### Ryder's Neck Narrowly Saved.

TALBOTTON, Ga., April 8.—Dr. W. L. Ryder, who assassinated Miss Sallie Emma Owens Sunday night, has been removed to Columbus. Sixty mounted men intended to lynch Ryder, but coolheads appeased the party.

### Voted Against the Women.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 8.—At the session of the New York East conference the proposition that delegates to the general conference may be men or women was lost by a vote of 36 to 140.

### Contesting Fair's Pencil Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—A contest of the second or "pencil" will of the late Senator James G. Fair has been begun by Charles L. Fair, son of the dead millionaire.

### Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The treasury has lost $62,400 in gold coin and $19,700 bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve, $127,878,760.

### Clubs Will Escape the Law.

ALBANY, April 8.—Under a decision of the court of appeals there appears to be a possibility that clubs will escape the operations of the Raines liquor law.

### Senator Morgan Ill.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Senator Morgan of Alabama is lying ill at his residence in this city suffering from a liver complication.


**Beware of Counterfeitors**

Who infest the market and are the means of robbing sick people of their money, and what is of still greater consequence of not unfrequently aggravating the complaints under which they labor. It is an act of duty we owe to society to warn the people against these dangerous frauds. A little care on the part of the purchaser will protect them from imposition by bearing in mind these facts: Never buy where it is offered in bulk, (in kegs or jugs), as the genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are sold only in bottles having the handsome steel plate label displaying the combat between St. George and the Dragon, and having at the bottom a miniature note of hand for one cent, bearing a facsimile of the signature of the president of the company. Over the cork is a metallic cap, on which is impressed the name of the article, together with a medellion head in the centre. Any person selling the counterfeit Hostetter's Stomach Bitters we shall not hesitate to bring to justice, as we never fail to convict.

# B. & B.

## Silks.

Important silk deals made last week—many more thousands were put into silks than any other transactions this store ever made—and it was the choice goods and the prices that induced us to make the investment—and when people see and learn about the silks and the prices, it will be of as great interest to them as it was to us—they're all new and beautiful silks and good qualities that people who know and always buy the best will appreciate.

Stylish Wrap Print Monotone Silks, $1.25—many beautiful things there are for 1896, but these are surpassing so.

Rich Novelties in New Silks, $1.00 to $2.00 a yard—so large and handsome a collection as places them away ahead of anything we've ever asked attention to.

100 pieces Black Brocade Damas Silk—65c, 75c, $1.00—large, choice designs—such worth for the money as was never approached.

2,000 yards extra good plain white raised cord Habutai Silks, 35c.—find out about these before making up your mind—don't confound them with the usual colored corded Kaiki Wash Silks in colors, as these rich, bright, lustrous WHITE ones are totally different and vastly superior.

Samples on request.

## BOGGS & BUHL,

**Allegheny, Pa.**


## PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

## REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Exchange Hotel, in the Borough of Portage, Cambria county, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 25TH, 1896,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Portage, Cambria county, fronting sixty feet on North Railroad street and extending back along Lee street Two Hundred feet to an alley, having thereon erected a

### Two-Story Frame Hotel Building

60x26 feet, with "L" 18 feet wide attached, a large Stable and all necessary Outbuildings all in good state of repair.

No. 2. Two lots of ground in Portage borough, Cambria county, fronting Sixty feet on Washington street and extending back same width Two Hundred feet to an alley, having thereon erected a TWO STORY

### FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

(upper story used for Hall) 20x40 feet, and all necessary Outbuildings, all in a good state of repair.

No. 3. A piece or parcel of land situate in Portage township, Cambria county, fronting on Main Line of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and bounded by line of borough of Portage on east; land of Michael F. Hauger (formerly) on the south, containing

### 4 ACRES

more or less.

No. 4. A certain piece or parcel of land situate in Portage township, Cambria county, adjoining lands formerly of P. M. McNally, Sylvester Crum and others containing

### 60 ACRES

more or less.

No. 5. A certain piece or parcel of land situate in Portage township, Cambria county, adjoining land of heirs of Wm. Russe, deceased, and others containing

### 25 ACRES

more or less.

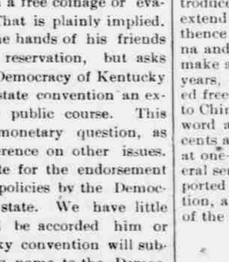
### NO. 6. SIXTY BUILDING LOTS

in the village of Jamestown, a short distance from the Seman Shaft at Seman Station on the Main Line of the Pennsylvania Railroad in Portage township, Cambria county. The new line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at present in course of construction, passes close to the lots described, thereby increasing their value for building purposes.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten percent of the purchase money when the property is sold, the balance of one-third when sale is confirmed and deed delivered; one-third in six months and one-third in one year from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage on the premises.

D. W. MARTIN,
Assignee of Rose McGOUGH, by via
Portage, Pa., March 30, 1896. 3 31.

**Corn**

Potatoes and all spring crops will grow better and yield far more, if you use

**$20 Phosphate**

Finest fertilizer for all kinds of soil. Direct from manufacturer to farmer (no agents). Special prices for carload lots. New price list mailed free.

YORK CHEMICAL WORKS, York, Pa.

ap 3 4t

**FAT FOLKS** REDUCED from 1 to 5 to 25 lbs per month by a harmless treatment by prescribing physician of 30 years' experience. No bad effects or dieting from business. No starving, wrinkles or flabbiness. Improves general health and beautifies complexion. Thousands of delicate and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured

PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL

confidentially. For particulars address, with stamp

DR. SNYDER, 78 Weber's Theater, CHICAGO, ILL. Or 307 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.

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**WANTED AGENTS**

to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised fifty years; known and wanted by every planter. That is why beginners always succeed with us, and experienced Agents double their sales and income. Now is the time to start. Write ELLWANGER & BARRY,

Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.

*Funeral Designs at Short Notice.*

**ADOLPH STAHL,**

NO. 432 MAIN STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

4.12.95.

**FRAZER AXLE GREASE**

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. IF GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

GRAND OPENING OF

## SPRING GOODS

AT

BRADLEY'S MAIN STREET CASH STORE.

New things in Dress Goods, Fancy and Plain. New Styles in Wrapper Goods, Mosburg Silk Finish Henrietta from 12c. to 15c. per yard, entirely new. New Lining of all the latest kinds in the market.

## New Embroideries, Laces and Trimmings.

Full assortment of Prints, Ginghams and Muslins Full line of all the latest styles in Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

## GENT'S WEAR

we carry all the latest styles in Shoes, Shirts, Hats, &c., at very low prices. Come and see us when in town.

## THOS. BRADLEY,

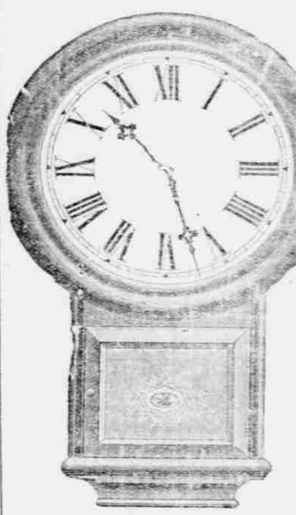
**GALLITZIN.**

## CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

## WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS —AND— OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

CELEBRATED ROCKFORD WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ My line of Jewelry is second to none passed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS

## AT C. A. SHARBAUGH'S!

You will find the most complete assortment of Spring Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Underwear and Shoes in the county at our store. You will find Men's All-Wool Suits as low as $5. Better ones from $6.50 to $18. Boys' Suits to fit boys age 14 to 19 years, from $4 to $15. Child's Suits, age 4 to 14 years, at $1, $1.50, $2, $3, $4 and $5—all well-made, neatly trimmed and perfect-fitting.

All the new shapes in Spring Hats and a Fine Line of Gents' Furnishings of every description. Also the best assortment in Northern Cambria of Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes from $1 to $3 50 the pair—all new goods and latest styles.

If you desire well-made and neat-fitting Clothing and Shoes it will more than pay you to buy from

## C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

It is a Great Comfort

to a tidy housekeeper to have a good cooking appliance.

The Cinderilla Stoves and Ranges

are sure bakers and perfect roasters.

Noted for their durability, convenience and economy.

Everything is the best:—EXPERIENCE, MATERIAL and SKILL.

Their cleanliness lessens labor. Their economy saves money.

☞ Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. [feb20-95]


## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 17, 1895.

**Connections at Cresson.**

EAST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Seashore Express, week days | 6 30 a m |
| Altoona Accommodation, week days | 9 25 a m |
| Main Line Express, daily | 10 59 a m |
| Altoona Express, daily | 1 00 p m |
| Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only | 1 07 p m |
| Mail Express, daily | 5 17 p m |
| Philadelphia Express, daily | 8 12 p m |

WEST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Johnstown Accommodation, week days | 8 14 a m |
| Pacific Express, daily | 8 57 a m |
| Way Passenger, daily | 2 36 p m |
| Mail Train, daily | 4 26 p m |
| Fast Line, daily | 8 28 p m |
| Johnstown Accommodation, week days | 8 34 p m |

**Ebensburg Branch.**

Trains leave Ebensburg as follows: 7.20 and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9 30 a. m and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m., and 6.10 p. m.

**Cresson and Clearfield**

Leave Irvona at 8.45 a. m. and 3.10 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.10 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.


## JOHN PFISTER.

DEALER IN

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**

Hardware. Queensware.

**MADE-UP CLOTHING.**

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL.

CRESSON, PA.

may2 20ly

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm in this line. Staple article. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Gen. A. [illegible], 849 Broadway, N. Y.

# Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

DAY, - - - - APRIL 10, 1896.


## LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Dr. D. M. Chute is visiting friends Pittsburg

Mr. Ed. Kittell, of Bellefonte, is visiting friends in Ebensburg.

The railroad bums were Wednesday and Tuesday.

Judge Harry White, of Indiana, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Thursday.

Judge Barker, of this place, held a session of court in Hollidaysburg on Tuesday.

Over 20,000 tons of Pennsylvania coal started down the Ohio in boats on Monday.

Mr. Mathias Kessler, of White township, spent a few hours in Ebensburg on Monday.

Miss Mollie Brown, of Portage, had her arm amputated below the elbow one week ago.

The little two year-old son of Frederick Geiger, of Cambria township, died on Monday morning.

Westmoreland county people are talking of building a new court house to cost a million dollars.

Mr. Joseph Luttringer, of this place, arrived home on Tuesday, after a several weeks visit to Altoona.

Messrs. William and Thomas Doran, of Carrolltown township, were visitors to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

The contract for a new parsonage has been let to M. J. Waltz, by the Catholic congregation of Chest Springs.

Constable D. D. Pringle, of Wilmore, is seriously ill at his home in that place with very little hopes for recovery.

Subscribers who changed their postoffice address on the first instant, should give both their old and new address.

Mr. W. W. Blair, of this place, removed his household goods to Altoona on Monday of last week, where he will live in future.

A meteor is said to have fallen near Clearfield, Clearfield county, but when search was started for it the next morning none of it could be found.

A number of workmen employed at Rose Brothers' stone quarries, near Spring Rocks, were poisoned one day last week by eating canned corn. All recovered.

Mrs. T. W. Letts, of Patton, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Finn, in this place, on Wednesday morning fell off the steps and broke one of her arms near the wrist.

Ex-Senator W. A. Wallace, of Clearfield, who has been seriously ill in New York city for several weeks, is now somewhat improved, and it is hoped that he will recover.

It is said that the authorities have found W. A. Ambrose, the absconding cashier of Altoona, in the city of Cincinnati, O. He is said to be in disguise and living there.

Clement Weakland, son of Mr. Luke Weakland, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia for a couple of months, is improving and it is believed he will soon be able to be about.

A young deer, chased by dogs until nearly exhausted, was captured by Frank and John Rhoades in Ferguson township, Mifflin county, last week. It died shortly afterward.

Mr. George Fredericks, of this place, will take his departure for East Liverpool, Ohio, where he will open a harness shop. Mr. Fredericks will take charge of the shop in this place.

Mr. B. Swank, of Johnstown, who is well all over Cambria county as a dealer in reliable agricultural implements and who has a new advertisement in this issue of the FREEMAN, is here to-day.

The miners at C. H. Porter & Co's mine at Bennington, went out on a strike last week for 40 cents. The company agreed to the rate and the strike was of short duration.

Bill H. Degan, of Wilmore, while at work on the Pennsylvania railroad at Cresson Saturday struck his right foot with a pick, which made a painful wound that laid him up for some time.

Proposals will be received by the secretary of the building committee of the Lutheran church at Nicktown, for the laying of the stone for the church. See notice sent to another column.

The Second Presbyterian church, of Johnstown, has extended a call to Rev. E. Bowman, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Ebensburg. We have not learned whether the call will be accepted or not.

Joseph Snyder died at the home of his son-in-law, Singer street, Johnstown, Friday night. He was born in Prussia years ago and about 1869 he located in Johnstown with his family, his wife having died in 1892.

Parties are now engaged in purchasing lands on the west branch of Yellow Creek, in Indiana county, and they are paying good prices to buy. The prices offered for land, and the men engaged in the business are not working for their health.

Subscriptions ranging from $5 to $10 per acre, of citizens of Titusville, a town in the oil region part of Pennsylvania, have been raised to the amount of $250,000 for the promotion of manufacturing industries. People of that sort usually succeed in the business they are sure to attain.

Mr. Henry O'Neill, of Pittsburg, arrived in Ebensburg on Saturday and spent a couple of days, returning home on Monday. He was accompanied home by his nieces Kate and Isabel, who had been on the mountain for several weeks.

Mr. Jacob Shadabelt, of Barnesboro, was run over on the mines at that place on Monday, the wheel falling upon him. He was taken to the Memorial hospital at Johnstown where Dr. Lowman attended him. Shadabelt is a single man about 40 years old.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity will be held at the court house on Saturday at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of taking steps towards securing the next encampment of the Soldiers' Relief Association at Ebensburg. Everybody should attend.

Mr. B. Rorabaugh, a teacher of Burnside township, Clearfield county, was married on Tuesday of last week at Mahaffey. The raft upon which he was floating stored on an old abutment in the river at that place, and Mr. Rorabaugh fell in and was drowned.

James Ivory, an aged and respected citizen, died at his home in Gallitzin on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock, aged about 60 years, from lung trouble, from which he had been ailing for some time past. He is survived by seven children, most of whom are married.

Andrew Grubler, proprietor of the Cricket hotel, Altoona, shot himself in the head on Friday morning with a revolver, and died the same night. The motive for the act is believed to be ill health. He was aged 42 years. He was divorced from his wife in 1895. He has five children.

The village of Arnold, Burrell township, Westmoreland county, has a seven-pound giant in the person of Willie Beckman. He is probably the biggest boy of his age in this part of the country. He weighs 14 pounds, measures 42 inches around the shoulders and 31½ inches about the chest.

—A freight train broke down above Sonman tower at 2:30 on Tuesday morning. Seventeen cars ran down the grade and collided with another section at the tower. Eight coal cars were wrecked. All tracks were blocked, but a wrecking crew cleared them in short order. No one was hurt.

—Secretary Merton's determination to distribute seeds on the business rather than the political plan has resulted in awarding the contract to a Philadelphia seed house, who will deliver $70,000 worth of vegetable seeds at Washington in 10,-125,000 packets, ready for distribution by mail.

—Frank Ottermaskie, a laborer employed on the work at Lilly, was taken to Altoona on Tuesday and admitted to the hospital, suffering with a crush of the right thigh and left heel. Ottermaskie was struck by an engine while at work. His injuries are of a serious nature and may yet cost him his life.

—Stephen James, of Johnstown, a former resident of Cambria township, had his right foot amputated at the Cambria hospital, in that city, on Sunday. Mr. James, a couple of months ago, stepped upon a piece of wire which penetrated his foot and the wound never healed. Mortification set in and amputation was necessary to save his life.

—On Monday morning about 9:25 a broken wheel on an east-bound coal train, wrecked 11 cars just below Kittanning Point, blockading all tracks and destroying traffic over an hour. J. B. McCan, of Altoona, aged 21, a brakeman of the wrecking train, was painfully bruised about the body by jumping from the train.

—A new game called the "Editor's Delight" is played this way: Take a sheet of ordinary writing paper, fold it carefully, and enclose a bank note sufficiently large to pay up all arrearages and one year in advance. Keep an eye on the editor and if a smile adorns his face the trick works like a charm. Now is the time to play the joke.

—Norman Shaffer, a miner at the Listie coal works, Somerset county, and his wife were terribly burned about the head and face by an explosion of powder at the kitchen stove. His young wife playfully threw a few grains in the fire. A spark was communicated to the can and the explosion followed. Their dwelling and contents were also consumed.

—By the recent explosion in the Berwind-White shaft near DuBois, twelve women were made widows and thirty-seven children were deprived of fathers. The *Express*, of DuBois, says that several movements are on foot looking to the relief of these unfortunates, as many of the children are very young and several of the widows are in delicate condition.

—A Republican candidate for the nomination of commissioner in Clarion county pledges himself, if nominated and elected, to refrain from charging mileage, will not charge for more than 300 of the 313 working days and will do the clerical work of the office, if the other two men elected with him divide up the labors of the court house janitor and court crier. No extra compensation is to be charged for this additional work.

—Mr. Robert Ferguson, of Blacklick, will be a candidate before the next Democratic county convention for the nomination for county commissioner. Mr. Ferguson is a well-known citizen who has the ability necessary to perform the duties of the office well, and his integrity of character is a certain indication that if the Democracy see fit to nominate him, they will make no mistake. We publish his announcement in another column.

—The P. R. R. have recenely had forty bums put in jail at Greensburg for trespassing on their railroad. All along the line the same policy has been pursued so that the jails of the different counties will soon be overflowing with tramps. It seems the P. R. R. was led to take this step on account of the injury done to merchandise by the way-farers who took every opportunity to inflict damage to goods in charge of the P. R. R. who had to foot the bills.

—From November 30, 1895, to March 27, 1895, Mr. Noah Ream, of Paint township, Somerset county, sold, after deducting what his family used, 200 dozen of eggs to customers in Johnstown, receiving for them $40 18. Mr. Ream has about ninety hens, of mixed breed, brown and white Leghorns, Plymouth Rock, white Cochin, Wyandotte, etc. The chickens have headquarters in his barn in the daylight and roost in coops alongside of the barn at night.

—One of the finest pine rafts ever landed in "the lick" at this place, was run on Thursday forenoon by Robert Bloom, the pilot. It contained three large 100 foot sticks, a platform of 90 foot sticks, one of 80 foot sticks and the rest of the raft nearly as large. It was a beauty. It belongs to John F. Weaver and was taken from the woods of Ferguson township. It was much admired and will attract much attention in the lower markets.—*Clearfield Public Spirit.*

—Louisa, relict of Thomas Williams, who died at Conemaugh, about twelve years ago, passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Jones, in Braddock, at 1:20 o'clock on Monday morning, aged 68 years. Mr. Williams worked in the old ore mines, near the Cambria blast furnace, for a long time and later he dug coal for the Cambria Iron company. After his death Mrs. Williams went to Braddock and had since made her home there with her daughter. She is survived by five daughters.

—An immense cave thought to be many acres in extent has been discovered in the Laurel Hill range, ten miles northeast from Latrobe. Explorers entered nearly a quarter of a mile, stopping at a perpendicular descent of more than fifty feet. A number of passages were explored. Near the mouth of the cave a mold for making five cent pieces was found. Evidences are present that illict distilling operations have also been conducted there. It is almost certain that the cave was the rendezvous of a band of robbers which operated along the old state road before the war.

—Erie and Pittsburg trainmen are talking about the curious race between an express train and a wild goose, which occurred the other day between Shadeland and Summit. The veteran engineer, Tony Welsh, was at the throttle and, when the Canadian honker came lazily soring alongside the engine and challenged the iron steed to keep up with him, Tony turned on the steam and made it necessary for the goose to flap his wings a little harder and after getting out of sight of the train he would settle down in a field and wait for the express to catch up to him. He waited at Springboro, Conneautville and Summit and, after starting after the train at these points, flew close to the coach windows in full view of the passengers, who crouded over to that side of the train to observe the queer actions of the bird. When the goose at one time got close to the engine Engineer Welsh pulled the whistle and the bird was so badly scared that he turned over in the air like a tumbling pigeon.

### Nine Graduate.

The commencement exercises of the graduating class of '96, will be held in the school hall on Wednesday evening, April 15th. No admission will be charged and all are invited to attend.

Following are the names of the graduates: Charles S. Evans, Edwin H. Craver, Ollie Davis, Mary McCabe, Eliza Jones, Emily Davis, Nellie Davis, Annie McBreen and Lucinda Bradley.

### Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, April 9th, 1896:

Bert Blum and Lizzie Myers, Carrolltown.

George D. Leverknight, Dale, and Mary Lizzie Peters, Rosedale.

Frederick Sann, Jr., and Amelia Gearhart, Johnstown.

George H. Harvey, Puritan, and Christina Southerland, Pittsburg.

William Younkins and Lilly May Bechtell, Gallitzin.

William Kinsey and Mary F. Weakland, Barnesboro.

Harry G. Ehrenfeld and Myrtle M. Steiner, Gallitzin.

Francis T. Pryce and Lydia B. Wicks, South Fork.

Stainislaus Makoosky and Kate Vojs, Johnstown.

Stephen Groman and Judith Buksa, Johnstown.

Ahgust Doell and Edith Vore, Stonycreek township.

Peter Pojtos and Susan Cramer, Dunlo.

Samuel J. McClune and June Rose, Johnstown.

Charles Gates, Monarch, Fayette county, Pa., and Agnes Glen, Frugality.

### Killed on the Railroad.

Austin Crum, whose home was in Summerhill township, near Wilmore, while on his was home from Summerhill on Tuesday morning about half past nine o'clock walking on the railroad, was struck by second section of Pacific express and thrown from the track.

The train was stopped and the unfortunate man picked up and taken on the train to Johnstown, where he died in the baggage room about eleven o'clock.

Mr. Crum was born in Summerhill township, fifty-six years ago. He is survived by his wife and six daughters; Mrs. Bella McDonald, Mrs. Amanda Forsyth, Misses Nora and Edith—all of whom reside near Wilmore; one son, Ira of Altoona; two brothers, W. H. of Conemaugh, who had one of his legs cut off on the P. R. R. a short time ago, and John O., whose home is in Summerhill township; also three sisters, Mrs. Ruth Berkey and Mrs. Kate Berkey, of South Fork, and Mrs. Rebecca Plummer, of Summerhill. His mother also survives him, aged 76 years. His remains were interred at Wilmore on Wednesday.

### Important to Pensioners.

Rulings of the last administration are reversed in a decision rendered April 1st by Assistant-Secretary-of-the-Interior Reynolds in a pension case having a bearing favorable to a large number of claims now on file.

The ruling holds that where a widow and minor children under sixteen years of age survive a soldier the children may, after obtaining the age of sixteen, and where the death of the mother occurs, thereafter, without payment to her of any part of the pension, apply in their own right and receive the same pension as the father would have been entitled to had he been totally disabled. This pension is to commence from the date of his death and to continue until they respectively arrive at the age of sixteen years.

This holding entitles those whose rights to apply did not accrue until after they had passed their sixteenth year, to be pensioned as though their rights had accrued while under the age of sixteen, as held by the department a year ago, and thence not subject to any litigation.

### Saving to the Farmer.

The extent to which commercial fertilizers are used by Pennsylvania farmers is shown by the fact that during last year the department of agriculture issued licenses to 225 manufacturers for 929 brands of fertilizers, for each of which the manufacturer is compelled to pay a license fee. The manufacturer is also required to register a guaranteed analysis which must also be plainly stamped upon each bag sold or offered for sale in the state.

It is estimated that the farmers of this state pay from $3,750,000 to $4,000,000 a year for their commercial fertilizers and that the protection afforded by the department benefits them to the extent of not less than $400,000 annually. The benefit is mainly due to the enforcement of the law which drives low grade and poor goods from the market and by raising the standard and quality gives the consumer confidence and better article for the money.

### Obituary.

On Wednesday morning at five o'clock Miss Jessie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James G. Brawley, of Portage township, died after an illness of only a few weeks. Jessie was the only daughter and a great favorite, not only at home but with all who knew her. Until a few weeks before her death, she was as well as usual, when, contracting a severe cold it settled on her lungs and in a short time her condition was such that the best medical skill could afford her no permanent relief. She grew worse gradually, until death came to her relief. She was in the sixteenth year of her age, and is survived by her father, mother and two brothers. The funeral will take place this (Friday) morning, when, after services in St. Bartholomew's church, at Wilmore, of which the deceased was a devout member, interment will be made in the parish cemetery at that place.

T.

### To Clean Windows

Choose a dull day or at least a time when the sun is not shining on the window; when the sun shines on the window it causes it to be dry streaked, no matter how much it is rubbed. Take a painter's brush and dust them inside and out, washing all the woodwork inside before touching the glass. The latter must be washed simply in warm water diluted with ammonia. Do not use soap. Use a small cloth with a pointed stick to get the dust out of the corners; wipe dry with a small piece of cotton cloth. Do not use linen, as it makes the cloth linty when dry. Polish with tissue paper or old newspapers. This can be done in half the time taken where soap is used, and the result will be brighter windows.

### On the Right Track.

The Johnstown *Tribune* of Wednesday, in commenting on the government's loss of $18,500,000 a year in carrying second-class mail matter, makes this very sensible remark:

"There does not appear to be any common sense reason why sixty-five millions of people should be taxed for the benefit of the publishers, newspapers, magazines, advertising circulars, and paper novels. They should be made, like other people, to pay for the service they receive."

Just so; and the manufacturers of iron and the raisers of wool should be in the same category. Protection is a fraud wherever and to whomsoever it is dished out.

### Lively in Indiana.

A dispatch from Indiana on Friday evening says that Judge Harry White and Sheriff Mack, the present Republican chairman, Register and Recorder McGregor, and John S. Taylor, Republican committeeman, had a word encounter yesterday. Sheriff Mack was about to strike the judge when McGregor jumped between the men. Then the judge accused Taylor of working against Watson, candidate for assembly, and using underhand means. Taylor started for the judge, and again McGregor interposed. The judge was driven out of the sheriff's office, and went away with dire threatenings.

—Henry Lecky, an aged resident of Johnstown, was found dead last Saturday morning. His demise was caused by kidney and liver trouble.

### Queen Esther.

On Thursday and Friday evenings, April 16th and 17th, the beautiful and instructive cantata, "Queen Esther," will be produced in the Ebensburg Opera House by some of the best musical talent of Ebensburg.

The personations of the cantata are as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Queen Esther | Mrs. C. W. Jones. |
| King Ahasuerus | Rev. R. S. Jones. |
| Haman | Prof. T. L. Gibson. |
| Mordecai | Supt. J. W. Leech. |
| Zerish | Mrs. J. W. Leech. |
| Mordecai Sister | Miss Louis McNamara. |
| Prophetess | Mrs. J. W. Leech. |
| Scribe | Harry McNamara. |
| Guards | J. S. Bolsinger. C. H. Barker. |
| High Priest | B. F. James. |

Chorus of Jews, chorus of Persians, queen's attendants, pages of king and queen and semi-chorus of children. In all about fifty persons, who have had thorough instruction in the music and performance by Prof. T. L. Gibson, Supt. J. W. Leech and Mrs. T. L. McNamara.

The costumes to be worn by the characters of the cantata are according to those worn by Jews and Persians in Esther's day. The costumes for the leading personations having been rented from a firm in Philadelphia, are most elegant and exact.

The history of the cantata belongs to that period when the Jews, in exile from their own land, were scattered over the countries of the far East; and the particular spot in which the plot of the book of Esther is laid is Shusan, the capital of the kingdom of Persia.

The cantata begins at the point where Haman, the king's chief minister, being offended by the conduct of Mordecai, who does not pay him due respect, forms the design of exterminating the Jews, and obtains a decree authorizing their destruction on a certain day. The day is fixed by Haman through the casting of lots. Mordecai, informed of the impending massacre, requires Esther to intercede for her people; and Esther, though aware that she does so at the peril of her life, consents. Her plan is to bring the king and Haman together, to denounce him as having sought her life, and so to obtain his disgrace she invites the two to a banquet, where she has obtained favor from the king. Then to a second banquet.

Haman, now exalted by what he calls his good fortune, resolves to anticipate the decree, so far as Mordecai is concerned and to put him to death at once. He constructs a gallows, in the court of his own house, for this purpose and proposes to hang Mordecai thereon before the second banquet.

But that night the king, having ordered his attendants to read to him out of the Book of the Chronicles, has been reminded of Mordecoi's discovery of the conspiracy against his life, and having asked what reward he has received has been told that "nothing had been done for him." Upon this he has Haman summoned and compels him to be the instrument of doing Mordecai the highest possible honor.

The banquet follows; Esther denounces Haman; the king, angry, but in doubt, quits the apartment; Haman, eagerly imploring Esther's intercession; the king returns, orders him off to instant execution. He is conducted to his own house and hanged on the gallows on which he had intended to hand Mordecai.

The chart for reserved seats may be found at E. James' drug store on Tuesday morning, April 14th. Fifty cents admission for all persons. Secure your reserved seats early. Proceeds for the benefit of the Presbyterian church.

### RealEstate Transfers.

Heirs of Edward Siter to German Baptist (or Brethern) congregation, Roxbury, consideration, $250.

Executors of James Griffin to Daniel O'Connell, Johnstown, $3,000.

William Wells to Henry Smith, Jackson, $1,051.

Executor of Richard Jones Sr., to Robert W. Jones et al., Ebensburg, $1,200.

Maria Kleinofsky et al. to John Sabel, Johnstown, $900.

V. S. Barker et al. to Estella J. Williams, Ebensburg, $850.

Joseph Wright to John Wright, Summerhill township, $5.

William Wells to Henry Smith, Conemaugh, $575.

Thomas D. Powers to D. W. Martin, assignee, Portage borough, $160.

John Itell to D. W. Martin, assignee, Portage borough, $125.

Robert W. Jones et ux. to Christain D. Shenefeld, Ebensburg, $1,450.

Maria M. Paul et vir to Charles Leventry, Johnstown, $1,400.

Edward Horner et ux. to David Ott, Johnstown, $1,512.

James P. Griffith et ux. to Charles Griffith, Johnstown, $1,500.

Henry M. Heinze et ux. to Laura B. Horner, Johnstown, $1,700.

John Sabol to Victor Faith, Johnstown, $300.

Annie A. Dunphy to George Swires, Dean, $1,100.

John T. Griffith et al. to Simon P. Long, Summerhill borough $105.

Simon P. Long to Adam Bimel, Summerhill borough, $100.

J. E. Wilson et al. to R. T. Longwill, assignee, Portage borough $1.

John Bannon et ux. to John E. Bannon, Allegheny, $400.

S. L. Reed, assignee, to V. S. Barker, et al., Ebensburg, $75.

Joseph McNickel et ux. to Anna Dougherty, Washington, $1.

Loretta S. Powell et vir to Cora E. Oaks, Johnstown, $1.

William Gable et ux. Henry Carpenter et al., Croyle, $5.

Peter Yancour to Mary Yancour Susquehanna, $1.

Michael McCauley et ux. to George C. Muller, Adams, $3,000.

Isidor Lilly et ux. to William Lilly, Munster, $1.

John A. Kennedy et ux. to William Lilly, Washington, $25.

Albert M. Johnson et ux. to Annie M. Moses, Johnstown, $750.

Benjamin Strayer et ux. to Silas Hoover, Johnstown, $400.

Charles Southerland et ux. to John H. Clark, Cresson township, $1.

### He Avoided the Wreck.

F. C. Gilhony, an engineer employed by Sims and Kelly, near Bensceek, fractured his right hip on Wednesday of last week by falling 20 feet from a trestle. Mr. Gilhony's train was standing on the trestle, being unloaded, when seven cars of another train, on the trestle above, broke loose and bore down on his train.

Seeing the cars coming the engineer got down from his engine and tried to cling to the trestle timbers by his hands, hoping thus to escape. A blast of steam, however, caused him to release his hold. In falling he struck against a projecting timber in the trestle work, which broke his hip.

The seven cars in the meantime crushed into his train, wrecking the engine and about a dozen cars. The injured man was taken to the Altoona hospital the same evening.

### Change in Street Numbers.

On account of the rearrangement of street numbers in Pittsburg by the city authorities, the office of Mr. Thomas E. Watt, passenger agent western district, Pennsylvania railroad, as well as the city ticket office, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburg, will be changed on April 15 from No. 110, present number, to No. 360 Fifth avenue.

### Miscellaneous Notices.

FURS WANTED.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Furs. Bring them to GEO. L. FREDERICKS,
Nov. 1, 1895. Ebensburg, Pa

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch27

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch20tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in March, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAMMER, Secretary. President.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
ROBERT FERGUSON, of Blacklick township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the next county convention.

### AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Kobr, McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

NOTICE.
Sealed proposals will be received until April 20th by the St. Nicholas Church Building Committee, for the cutting of stone for the new Church. Plans and specifications can be seen by calling on Rev. Father F. Rupert, Nicktown, Pa., the committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids A. KIRSCH, Secretary.
Nicktown, Pa., April 5th 1896. 2t.

NOTICE is hereby given that the application of Conrad Wenderoth, formerly of Wilmore borough, for the transfer of the Retail Liquor License granted to Charles Sutherland, in Cresson township, where he now resides, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, of Cambria county: and that the same will be presented to the said Court for its consideration on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1896. S. W. DAVIS,
apr 3 3t. Clerk of the Q. S.

### RESTAURANT NOTICE.

I respectfully give notice to my many patrons of Ebensburg and country people at at large that on and after April 1, 1896, I will move my restaurant from Julian street to Centre street, in sight of the Cambria House, next door to Wilkinson's Marble yard, where I will be pleased to see all my old patrons, hoping a liberal share of the public patronage. I serve meals and lunches at all hours, Price, 15 and 20 cents. I will keep a full line of confectionery, fruits, candies, cigars, oysters, ice cream in season, ice cream in all flavors, special dinners and suppers gotten up by giving timely notice, spring vegetables in season. I will have a special parlor for ladies and their escorts. Thanks for past favors.
Respectfully yours,
mch 20 1t. JAMES H. GANT.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS and expenditures of Carroll township for the year ending March 9th 1896.

FRANK EARHART, Supervisor.

| | Dr. | Cr. |
|---|---|---|
| To whole amount of Work Duplicate | $1,058 96 | |
| By cash received on work tax | | $ 160 88 |
| By amount of exoneration | | 10 08 |
| By amt. worked out by taxable | | 888 02 |
| Total | | $1 058 96 |
| To whole amt of cash duplicate | 265 10 | |
| To amt. of cash rec'd on work tax | 160 88 | |
| To amt cash rec'd from Michael Dishart | 15 00 | |
| To amt. of cash due at last settlement | 92 18 | |
| Total | $ 593 16 | |
| By exoneration | | $ 2 51 |
| By amt. paid J. C. Darby for road orders | | 3 80 |
| By amt. paid J. W. Philippi for road machine | | 177 28 |
| By amt paid for smithing and repairs | | 12 76 |
| By amt. paid for plank and timber | | 51 78 |
| By amt. paid P. J. Deitrick for hardware | | 5 59 |
| By amt. paid for dynamite, etc. | | 28 15 |
| By amt. paid Joseph Stich for water and trough | | 4 35 |
| By amt. paid for labor | | 2 00 |
| By amt. paid T. R. Scanlan for services | | 5 00 |
| By amt. paid Frank Earhart for team hire and labor | | 75 00 |
| By amt paid for services as supervisor, 130 days at $150 per day | | 195 00 |
| By amt paid for collecting and disbursing $262.89 at 7 per ct | | 18 38 |
| By amt. paid for collecting and disbursing $327.18 at 2 per ct | | 6 54 |
| By amt paid Michael Dishart to balance | | 5 02 |
| | | $ 593 16 |

MICHAEL DISHART, Supervisor.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To whole amt. of Work Duplicate | | $ 811 36 |
| By amt. of cash rec'd on work tax | | $ 106 81 |
| By amt. of exoneration | | 3 30 |
| By amt. returned to commissioners | | 15 96 |
| By amt. worked out by taxables | | 685 29 |
| | | $ 811 36 |
| To whole amt. of Cash Duplicate | $ 202 78 | |
| To amt. of cash rec'd. on work tax | 106 81 | |
| To amt. of cash rec'd. from license | 57 00 | |
| To amt. of cash rec'd from unseated land | 169 88 | |
| To amt. rec'd. from F. Earhart | 5 02 | |
| | $ 541 49 | |
| By amt. returned to commissioners | | 3 99 |
| By amt. of exonerations | | 82 |
| By amt. due him at last settlement | | 55 79 |
| By amt paid Frank Earhart | | 75 00 |
| By amt. paid for smithing and repairs | | 15 90 |
| By amt. paid for plank | | 31 93 |
| By amt. paid Wm. C. Schroth for oaths | | 2 00 |
| By amt. paid for hardware, etc. | | 11 09 |
| By amt. paid for labor | | 35 88 |
| By amt. paid for damages to meds and house rent | | 11 20 |
| By amt. paid J. B Reed for road order | | 2 00 |
| By amt. paid C. W. Meisel for finger boards | | 1 25 |
| By amt. paid Wm. Lehmier for mason work | | 6 00 |
| To amt. paid F. O. Luther for water trough | | 1 50 |
| To amt. paid for team hire | | 7 82 |
| To amt. paid Dishart Bros. for team hire and labor | | 89 00 |
| To amt. paid for services as supervisor, 109 days at $1.50 per day | | 163 50 |
| To amt. paid for collecting and disbursing $232 78 at 7 per ct | | 14 19 |
| To amt. paid for collecting and disbursing $338 71 at 2 per ct | | 6 77 |
| To amt. paid auditor's and clerk service | | 22 15 |
| To amt in hand of Treasurer M. Dishart | | 15 71 |
| | | $ 541 49 |

We the undersigned auditors do certify that the foregoing statement is true and correct.
THOMAS ILLIG,
JACOB A. HOOVER, } Auditors.
JAMES T. MILLER,
Attest, C. W. Meisel, Clerk.
March 27th, 1896. 3t.

## Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
# REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public Sale at the Central Hotel, in Carrolltown, on

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1896,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Carroll, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, adjoining land of Sebastian Luther, Philip Stoltz, James Dick, John A. Bender, Erhart Farabaugh, John Sherry, Henry Farabaugh, Evan Morgan and William Rowland, containing

## 349 ACRES

and thirty-nine perches more or less, and having thereon erected a new

TWO-STORY
## PLANK HOUSE

and large bank barn and outbuildings, all in good repair. There is a good orchard and plenty of water on this farm.

The said land, under and upon said land together with the usual and necessary mining rights and privileges will be offered for sale separate and apart from the surface, and the surface will be offered separate and apart from the coal, and the said land will be sold either in the whole or severed, to suit the desires of the purchasers, and for the best price that can be obtained therefor.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third of the purchase money at the confirmation of the sale; one-sixth of the purchase money in one year and one-sixth in two year from the confirmation of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest, and the remaining third of the purchase money to be and remain a lien upon the real estate during the lifetime of the widow, Agnes Zern, the interest to be paid to her annually, and the principal payable at her death. The deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

ANDREW STRITTMATTER,
AUGUSTIN SHARBAUGH,
Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Jacob Zern, deceased.
Carrolltown, Pa., April 9th, 1896. 3t.


BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE Both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City



IF YOU ARE NOT
# SATISFIED
Then we are not satisfied until you are satisfied
With goods and prices.

## HIGH GRADE GROCERIES.

Everything we have is fresh. We guarantee quality. We want your regular all-the year-around trade. Let us sell you all you can eat.

| | |
|---|---|
| We sell standard Corn at 5c. | Chop per sack, 85c. |
| " " Tomatoes, 6c. | Tea, 18c. |
| " schreded Cocoanut, 8c. | Best Tea, 40c. |
| " Prunes, 5, 7, 9 nd 10c. | 3lb. can Apple Butter for 25c. |
| " Evaporated Peaches, 6c. | Syrup, 30c. |
| " Raisins, 4c. | L Beans, 5c. |
| " Corn Starch, 5c. | Mustard per glass, 5c. |
| " package Coffee, 20c. | Apricots, 10c. |

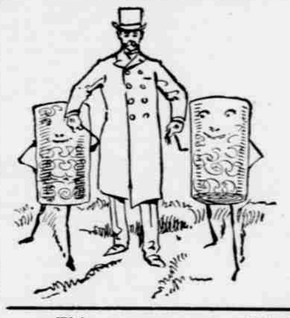
## The Woman Who Loves Bargains.

They make fun of the woman shopper—everybody does—but it is she who knows a Bargain wot is a Bargain, (as Uncle Reuben would say.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Yard-wide Muslin, bleached or unbleached, | 4c. |
| Apron Gingham, | 5c. |
| Light Calicoes, | 6c. |
| Dress Ginghams at | 7c. |

Serges, all wool, all colors, 46in. wide at 50c. per yard.

THESE ARE ALL BARGAINS.



## WE LEAD

The Carpet Trade and there must be a solid substantial reason for it. There is and the reason isn't hard to locate. It is such goods and offers as these:

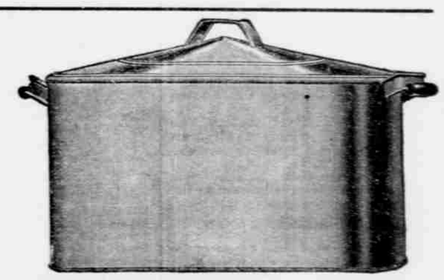
| | |
|---|---|
| All-wool Ingrain Carpet, | 40c. |
| Other Ingrain for | 25, 30 and 35c. |
| Home-made Rag Carpet, | 35 and 40c. |

## If You Are Going to Do Papering

This Spring see our stock of Wall Paper. It is very handsome and low in price.

This cut represents a Wash Boiler that

## WILL : NOT : RUST.



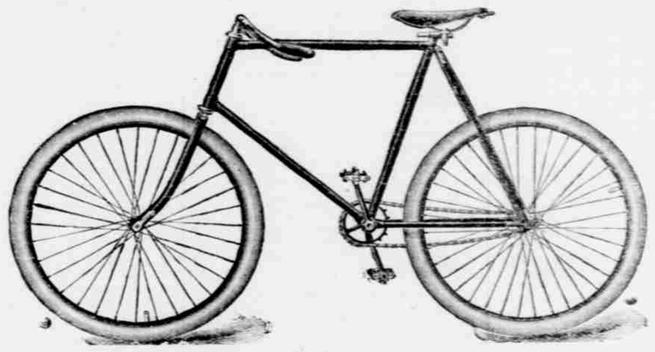
We handle a full line of this Tinware. If any piece rusts bring it back and we will replace it FREE OF CHARGE.

Yours for Low Prices,

## H. ORTH,
CALLITZIN, PA.

Goods amounting to $10.00 or over DELIVERED FREE to any point,

## BICYCLES. BICYCLES.



All Kinds and Sizes for Sale by

## H. A. SHOEMAKER.



R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
## Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
## Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

S. L. REED. MATTHOT I. READE.
## REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

## KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2,9,94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

## JOS. HORNE & CO.

STRIKING VALUES!

*STRIKING VALUES EVERY ONE:*

**Dress Goods,**

Which to see means to buy, if saying money on good, up-to-date merchandise be an object to prospective buybuyers.

All-wool imported

**Melange Suitings,**

10,different colorings, 36 to 44 inches wide, 50c values, well bought to sell

**35c a yard.**

Fine imported

**SILK AND WOOL Plaids,**

beautiful colorings, newest shades and color combinations—38 inches wide—85c legitimate value—a special spring offering—

**65c a yard.**

Write for samples of any piece of goods, also for New Spring and Summer Catalogue—FREE—and learn of shopping by mail methods which will prove our claim of offering

BEST QUALITIES
at LOWEST PRICES.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.


### LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives, of PHILIP NOEL, deceased.

GREETING: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg on the 20TH DAY OF APRIL next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Philip Noel, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an Inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. W. Coulter, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Pa.
March 23

# TURKS' NEW OUTRAGE

## We Won't Stand Expulsion of Our Missionaries.

### THE IMPRISONMENT OF KNAPP.

**This Matter Introduces No New Phase and Determined Action Will Be Taken. Clara Barton Reports Red Cross Work as Unmolested and Progressing.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The officials at the state department are fully aware of the condition of the missionaries in Turkey and of the developments in the case of Missionary Knapp, who is reported by cable to be in confinement at Diabekir, but they refuse to discuss the matter in any phase. However, it is apparent that they do not feel under any great degree of apprehension as to serious trouble in Turkey, and as in addition to their private cable advices from Charge Riddle they have the benefit of the presence and advice of United States Minister Terrell.

It is quite certain that no orders have gone forward to Admiral Selfridge to gather his fleet in the gulf of Iskanderun, to make any sort of a demonstration, and although he has a large measure of discretion and authority in the movements of his ships, it is unlikely he would go so far as to make an naval demonstration without the sanction of the navy department.

So far as the case of Missionary Knapp is concerned it presents no feature of novelty and the only point involved on its face, is the old question of extra territorial jurisdiction by our legation in Turkey. The state department has insisted upon the exercise of this right steadfastly and the correspondence sent to the present congress relative to the Armenian troubles show that although the Turkish government always has interposed obstacles to the exercise of this right, it has generally conceded the point. It is presumed that this will be outcome in the case of Mr. Knapp.

The more serious aspect of the matter is brought to light by the renewal of the report that emanated from Constantinople some weeks ago, to the effect that there is to be a general expulsion of all foreign missionaries from Turkish Armenia and not withstanding the reticence shown at the state department in reference to this subject, it is believed there is some foundation for the report.

Probably the reserve shown by the department in its treatment of this matter is to be accounted for by a desire on its part to avoid giving offence to another great power (Russia) by making public its belief that this power is really responsible for the attempt to expel the missionaries, but that is the fact, and the story has come to Washington with every appearance of verity that the American and other foreign missionaries are to be driven out from Armenia only to make room for a church (Russian Greek church) that they do not represent. However, this not to be brought about without the most earnest resistance upon the part of our government.

The French government has a treaty with Turkey explicitly conferring the right of their missionaries to reside and work in Turkey, and as the United States has a treaty with Turkey included the usual favored nation clause, the contention of our government is that we have as good a right as the French to maintain our missionaries in that country, and upon that point the issue will be made if it should finally come to the promulgation of the irade of expulsion.

### A SECRET AGENT IN CUBA.

**An Intimation That the President Is Quietly Investigating For Himself.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—Representative McCreary of Kentucky, who was chairman of the foreign affairs committee of the house in the Fifty-second and Fifty-third congresses, speaking as to the probable action of the president on the Cuban resolutions, said:

"Mr. Cleveland, throughout his public career, has shown a disposition to investigate for himself all important public questions. While I have no doubt that he will show great respect for the expression of the senate and house of representative in favor of the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents, after all that was simply an expression—it is true by an overwhelming majority of the representatives of the people, but action and responsibility are for him. I have no doubt that he has put himself in a position to secure accurate information as to the true conditions of affairs. He has ample means at his disposal for such an investigation, and that such an investigation will be made, or is now in progress, I entertain no sort of doubt. Upon its result, taken in connection with the expressed opinion of congress, he will act."

Asked as to whether he believed that Mr. Cleveland had sent an agent to Cuba, Mr McCreary declined to commit himself. When shown a report to this effect, he said: "That may be simply a guess; no authority is given, and such a mission would, of course, be secret."

### THE CRISP-SMITH DEBATE.

**Third of the Series of Speeches Are Made In Georgia.**

NEWNAN, Ga., April 8.—The third of the joint financial discussions between Secretary Smith and ex-Speaker Crisp was listened to here by an audience of about 4,000 people, chiefly farmers from the surrounding country.

Ex-Speaker Crisp had the opening. In the outset he replied to the charge that he had not always been for silver. He said that when he was elected speaker he was bitterly opposed by the east on account of his financial views. He said that the Massachusetts Democrats had voted against his election. His vote prevented, he said, the tabling of a free coinage bill. In the last congress, he said, he appointed a silver committee and one member changed his views. He was not responsible for that. Men often change their views. With this personal explanation Mr. Crisp discussed the silver question, from the same standpoint as given in his other speeches in these dispatches.

The secretary of the interior in opening said: "Judge Crisp has sought to create the impression that I am opposed to the use of both gold and silver. I am in favor of that system which will give us the largest use of both. I deny that unlimited silver coinage will give us bimetallism."

He took up the quotation which Mr. Crisp had read from his Atlanta speech, delivered in 1894. "If the gentleman had read you that speech," he said, "you would have seen that I spoke of the single gold standard in the common application of the word in the way you understand it—when only gold is used as money."

He was not then and was not now in favor of such a plan, and his speech showed it then. One reference in his remarks to President Cleveland awakened a demonstration which lasted half a minute.

**Booth-Tucker Will Be Naturalized.**

NEW YORK, April 8.—Frederick St. George de Latour Booth-Tucker, the new commander of the Salvation Army in this country, made the first step towards becoming an American citizens when he made the declaration of intention in the naturalization bureau of the supreme court of this county. A big rally and reception was given the Booth-Tuckers last night.

**The Katahdin All Right.**

NEW LONDON, Conn., April 8.—The ram Katahdin has returned from her 12-hour trial at sea. The machinery of the vessel worked perfectly.

### A BLOODLESS WAR.

**Rebels and Government Troops Inactive In Nicaragua.**

LA LIBERSTAD, Salvador, April 8.—Since the advices of March 18 and March 30, given in these dispatches, there have been no battles between the forces of President Zelaya and the Leonist rebels in Nicaragua.

The operations of the war seem to have come practically to a standstill. About 1,000 Honduras troops under the command of the vice president of Honduras, C. Bonilla, occupy Pueblo in the fertile valley of the Elviejo in Nicaragua and with free routes homeward. They are opposed by about an equal number of the Nicaraguan rebels under General Ortez at Chinandega. President Zelaya's troops on the other hand occupy Nagarote and Mateare, near the western shore of Lake Managua. They are apparently few in number or they would have made a demonstration before this in favor of their Honduran allies, who entered Nicaraguan north of Leon, the rebel capital, nearly a month ago ready to co-operate with Zelaya to take that place.

It is reported that General Bocas' insurgent troops under Generals Chivarrira, Heredoro and Larias, near Nagarote, are taking advantage of the long invactivity of Zelaya's troops at Nagarote and are flanking their position, threatening Managua, the capital.

### PASSED BY THE SENATE.

**Postoffice Appropriation Bill Goes Through After Hot Debate.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The postoffice appropriation has passed the senate. The discussion on the Wolcott amendment for the consolidation of smaller offices with larger ones again took the form of a debate upon the merits of civil service reform, and was participated in by Messrs. Vilas, Wolcott, Allen and Hill, Hoar, Gorman, Stewart and others.

There were some rather spirited dialogues between Messrs. Vilas and Allen and between Messrs. Wolcott and Hill. Mr. Wolcott criticised Secretary Smith for his participation in Georgia campaign and was replied to by Mr. Hill. The amendment was defeated by a decisive vote, receiving only seven votes in its support.

**The Result In Chicago.**

CHICAGO, April 8.—Out of 35 aldermen the Republicans elected 20, the Democrats 15 and 2 independents were chosen. There are 34 wards in the city, but two aldermen were chosen in the Tenth, there being a vacancy in that ward. The reformers were successful with a majority of the men they were after, but they failed to secure the three or four bright particular ones they desired. There were a number of fights and several shooting affrays, nobody, however, being seriously injured. Republicans on the total vote carried the city by a majority of about 20,000.

**Utah Republican Convention.**

SALT LAKE CITY, April 8.—The Republican state convention has elected Frank J. Cannon, Arthur Brown, C. E. Allen, Isaac Trumbo, W. R. McCormick and Thomas Kearnes as delegates to the St. Louis convention. The platform is confined almost entirely to declarations for protection and bimetallism.

**McKinley Won In Louisville.**

LOUISVILLE, April 8.—It developes that McKinley easily received a majority of the delegates chosen in the city and county primaries. The McKinley men claim 123 delegates to 72 for Bradley and the Bradley men, while not conceding these figures, admit McKinley's majority.

**Many Women Voted.**

KANSAS CITY, April 8.—The municipal election in Kansas City, Kan., progressed very quietly. An interesting feature of the battle was the part taken by the women. There were 2,100 women registered and nearly 2,000 of them voted.

**Women Voted In Colorado.**

DENVER, April 8.— Elections were held in all the cities and towns in the state, except Denver. Local issues only were at stake. The women were as a rule well represented at the polls and in many instances had places on the tickets.

**A Woman Elected Mayor.**

CIMMARON, Kan., April 8.—The women were victorious in the election here, Mrs. C. A. Curtis being elected mayor by a small majority over Dr. Lawrence. The election board is composed wholly of women, who were out in full force.

**Named McKinley Delegates.**

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 8.—The convention of the Webster faction of the Republican party was overwhelmingly for McKinley, and the four delegates at-large were instructed to vote for him first, last and all the time.

**The A. P. A. Man Won.**

KANSAS CITY, April 8.—Returns give the Republican ticket, headed by Jones, A. P. A. and Republican, a majority of 500 over Kumpf, Independent Democrat. The remainder of the candidates are too mixed to estimate.

**Tennessee Counties For McKinley.**

NASHVILLE, April 8.—Republican conventions to select delegates to state and congressional district conventions were held in 16 counties. All endorsed McKinley and elected McKinley delegates.

**Number of Voters Arrested.**

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., April 8.—The city jail here is filled with citizens of Victor, who were arrested for alleged false registration. There are 22 prisoners here.

**Allen Don't Want to Be President.**

OMAHA, April 8.—Senator W. V. Allen has addressed a letter to Governor Holcomb declining to be a candidate on the Populist ticket for presidential honors.

**Democrats Carried the Day.**

ST. LOUIS, April 8.—In the elections in many of the municipalities throughout Missouri the Democrats elected the whole or greater part of their tickets.

**Republicans Carry Milwaukee.**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 8.—There seems no doubt that the entire Republican ticket is elected by a large plurality.

**Colorado Miners Strike.**

DENVER, April. 8.—About 500 miners in the employ of the United Coal company have struck for an increase of about 15 per cent in wages.

### PITH OF THE NEWS.

John Van Brocklin, aged 80, and his sisters, Eliza and Martha, aged 83 and 73 respectively, residents of Pompey, Onondaga county, N. Y., died in the same house, the same day, of pneumonia.

The motion of the Addicks adherents in the Delaware Republican state committee meeting at Wilmington that each faction be represented in the primaries was defeated.

Several men, Poles, Slavs and Hungarians, were wounded in a fight at New Castle, Del.

In the case of Fanny Bogby, recently appointed school trustee at West Point, the law authorities have decided that no woman can hold office in Virginia.

A government agent is at Lander, Wy., to make terms with the Shoshones and Arapahoes for the Big Horn, Hot Springs.

Six ocean steamers are overdue at Boston, and anxiety is felt for several of them.

It was discovered that bad ventilation and excessive steam heat in the state house of New Jersey caused the death indirectly of Judge Seymour and Journal Clerk Hunt.

The contract for the erection of Atlantic City's steel esplanade was awarded to the Phoenix Iron company of Pennsylvania.

The rumor is current in Johannesburg that England has agreed to, recognize the independence of the Transvaal.

Friendly Arabs routed the Dervishes near Moyet It is said that 20,000 Dervishes will oppose the British advance.

# MAY BE CLEVELAND.

## New York World Hints at Necessity of His Nomination.

### HE IS THE LOGICAL CANDIDATE.

**Conditions Which May Lead to McKinley's Nomination May Force the Naming of the President—Conventions and Elections Throughout the Country.**

NEW YORK, April 8.—The World today prints a double leaded editorial, in which it asks whether the logic of the political situation that has led the Republican masses to support McKinley, will not compel the nomination of Cleveland by the Democrats. The paper says:

"The World does not assert that this is so. It raises the question. It invites public discussion of it.

"So far as The World is concerned in this matter it is entirely impartial, judicial and impersonal. It has no special partiality for Mr. Cleveland personally, as he will probably admit. It has nothing to take back. But the question is not of the past. It is a question of the future.

"Upon the issues of the present and future not of the past The World is just as free and sincere in suggesting that Mr. Cleveland seems to be the only logical candidate as it has been fearless and faithful in admonition and criticism whenever it has believed him to be wrong.

"It is idle and might prove very unwise to ignore the fact that there is a deep-seated and widely-prevalent prejudice among our people against any third term for any president. But it is still a question whether any unfounded fear and prejudice can weigh at last against the force of events and the logic of circumstances."

### A WOMAN ASSAULTS JACKSON.

**He Smiled at Her When Leaving Court. The Trial Postponed.**

NEWPORT, Ky., April 8.—The trial of Scott Jackson, the alleged murderer of Pearl Bryan, before Judge Helm has been continued until April 21.

Grounds set forth in the application for a postponement were: First, illness in his family, which had prevented him giving proper attention to the case, and second, inability to secure deposition of witnesses residing at a distance. He stated that the object of these depositions was to break down the testimony of the witness George H. Jackson, relied on by the prosecution, and to show the character of the witness Wood, whom he declares to be unworthy of belief.

As Jackson was leaving the courtroom he passed in front of a woman sitting in the front row of seats. He looked down at her smiling, when the woman suddenly delivered a vicious kick at the prisoner, and, as he passed her, she was heard to say: "I would have killed him if I could. If I had had a pistol I would have shot him.

The woman was Mrs. McCann of Falmouth, Ky. She also gave him a vicious punch in the stomach with her fist. She remarked afterward: "Its a shame to put off his trial; he ought to be hanged right away," and she added: "I'd like to help hang him myself." She said she had never seen him before. It is said Mrs. McCann resembles the murdered girl Pearl Bryan.

### DYNAMITE AND AXES USED.

**Factionists Fight Near Bellefonte. Schoolhouse Blown Up.**

BELLEFONTE, Pa., April 8.—The little township of Curtin, about 12 miles from here, is in a turmoil of excitement over the burning and blowing up by dynamite of the district schoolhouse. Bad feeling was aroused about two years ago over the selection of a site for the schoolhouse, and the courts had to decide the matter.

One faction was still dissatisfied and before dawn Tuesday morning about 20 men and boys set the building on fire. The other faction was soon on hand and tried to quench the flames. The incendiaries were, however, hiding in the woods and while some of their enemies were in the burning building they threw dynamite on the roof.

The building was completely demolished, and those inside narrowly escaped with their lives. The two factions then engaged in a pitched battle in the darkness, and some of the participants were badly cut by the woodsmen's axes. More trouble is feared, and District Attorney Singer left for the scene of trouble at once, determined to arrest the belligerents.

**The Delegates Instructed For Quay.**

SCRANTON, Pa., April 8.—In the First legislative district Republican convention of Lackawanna county Joseph D. Lloyd and Alexander Simpson of this city were elected delegates to the state convention. Senator Quay was endorsed. In the Fourth district C. L. Bell of Jermyn and George Allen of Dunmore were elected and were instructed to support Quay.

**Westmoreland For Quay.**

GREENSBURG, Pa., April 8.—The county convention gave a Quay majority. From present indications the Quay men have won everything, but one member of the legislature and one state delegate. The convention indorsed Quay for president. The vote was unanimous.

**Endorsed Breed For Moderator.**

PITTSBURG, April 8.—The candidacy of Rev. D. R. Breed, D. D., for the moderatorship of the next general assembly of the Presbyterian church was emphatically endorsed yesterday by the Pittsburg presbytery, which elected him a commissioner to that meeting.

**Work Stopped at Rochester.**

ROCHESTER, Pa., April 8.—The work of laying pipe for the new waterworks was stopped last night by Contractor Patrick McLaughlin, and no further work will be done until the case before the supreme court is heard next Saturday.

**Endorsed Pattison For President.**

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., April 8.—The Franklin county Democratic committee elected delegates to the state convention, endorsed ex-Governor Pattison and declared against the unit rule.

**Five Outlaws Captured.**

COFFEYVILLE, Kan., April 8.—Two deputy United States marshals have captured a gang of five outlaws southwest of this city after a hot fight, in which Oliver Rooks, one of the desperadoes was mortally wounded. Rooks' horse was shot from under him and he was wounded before he would give up.

**American Forger Caught In Cuba.**

HAVANA, April 8.—Juan Uriuld, the principal of the gang of forgers who have recently been operating in New York swindling August Belmont & Co. out of $29,000, has been arrested in Coruna.

**To Know About Mrs. Maybrick.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—A resolution has been introdnced by Representative Underwood calling upon the secretary of state for information in regard to Mrs. Maybrick, who is imprisoned in England upon a charge of poisoning.

**Favor Honor to General Miles.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The house committee on military affairs has decided to report favorably to the house the resolution to bestow the rank of lieutenant general on General Nelson A. Miles.

### CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR PROGRAM.

**What Will Be Done at the Convention Washington.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The general outline of the program of the fifteenth international Christian Endeavor convention, which will be held in this city July 8-13, has been announced. It is expected that 60,000 people will attend the convention, which will open on Wednesday evening, July 8, with 22 meetings held in 22 of the largest churches of the city.

On every morning of the convention there will be held at 6:30 o'clock from 20 to 30 prayer meeting in as many churches.

The formal opening of the convention will occur on Thursday morning in the three great tents which will be pitched upon the White lot, just south of the executive mansion. These will be called tent Washington, tent Endeavor and tent Williston, and will seat about 10,000 persons each, including a chorus choir of about 1,000 voices.

On Thursday afternoon there will be held about 30 denominational rallies. The topic for consideration Thursday evening will be "Christian Citizenship." The topic for Friday is "Saved to Serve."

Saturday will be "outdoor day." At 9:30 an open praise service will be held at the Washington monument. The Endeavorers will then march to the capitol, where it is hoped brief addresses may be delivered from the steps of the seat of government. The Junior Christian Endeavorers will hold an early prayer meeting on Saturday morning and a grand rally in one of the tents on Saturday afternoon, at which a choir and orchestra composed entirely of children will lead the music. Saturday afternoon will be given up to sightseeing by most of the Endeavorers, while Saturday evening will be devoted to receptions of the state delegations.

No services will be held on Sunday morning in the tents, every one attending the regular services in the churches. On Sunday afternoon an evangelist service will be held in one of the tents, and in the other two and in many churches there will be held denominational missionary rallies.

On Monday morning the World's Christian Endeavor union, formed last year at Boston, will hold its first annual convention.

### RED CROSS UNMOLESTED.

**Clara Barton Reports the Work Progressing Nicely.**

NEW YORK, April 8.—The following cablegram has been received by Spencer Trask from Miss Clara Barton, president of the Red Cross society, who is in charge of the relief work in Armenia:

"Our corps of physicians and supplies left Beirout April 3 and will reach Marash the 10th. Scourge of typhoid and other diseases from starvation and exposure unabated. Red Cross reports just received from our expeditions, which are meeting with splendid success. No obstructions nor Turkish supervision as has been wrongly reported. Every facility offered. Welcomed everywhere. One party working between Marash, Zeitoun, Malatia and Harpoot. The other between Corfu, Diarbokir and Harpoot. Visiting towns and villages enroute. Giving assistance where most needed."

### AMERICANS AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

**They Win Most of the Events at the Olympic Games.**

ATHENS, April 8.—At the Olympic games the American contestants again covered themselves with honor.

Thomas P. Curtis of the Boston team won the heat in which he competed for the hurdle race. His time was 18 seconds. An Englishman, Goulding, won the other heat in 18⅗ seconds.

Ellery H. Clark of the Boston team won the broad jump, with 6 metres 34 centimetres. Robert Garrett, captain of the Princeton team, was second, with 6 metres. James B. Connolly of Boston was third, with 5 metres 84 centimetres.

Thomas E. Burke of the Boston team won the third heat of 400 metres, running race in 54 1-5 seconds. H B Jameson of Princeton was second.

Robert Garrett of Princeton won the shot put with 11 metres 22 centimetres.

Flack, an Australian, won the first heat of the kilometre run in 4m 33s. Arthur Blake of the Boston team was second.

**Armor Plate Investigation.**

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The senate committee on naval affairs has continued its investigation of the armor plate matter. Commander Folger was further examined as to the plates accepted while he was chief of ordnance.

**The Matabeles Defeated.**

BULUWAYO, April 8.—Late news has just been received that the soldiers under Gifford have repulsed the Matabeles, the fighting continuing for hours. Gifford lost three wounded in the fight.

### THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, April 7.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 78@79c; No. 2 red, 76@77c; spring wheat, 75c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 37@37½c; No. 2, shelled, 34½@34¾c; high mixed shelled, 33½@34c; mixed car, 33c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25½@25¾c; No. 2, do, 24½@25c; extra No. 3 white, 23½@24c; light mixed, 22½@23c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $16.25; No. 2 timothy, $14.50@15.00; mixed clover, $14.00@15.00; packing, $8.50@9.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $11.50@12.00; wagon hay, $18.00@19.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 21@22c; Ohio, fancy creamery, 19@20c; fancy country roll, 13@14c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, large size, 9½@10c; New York flats, 10@10½c; fancy Ohios, 8½@9c; Wisconsin Swiss flats, 13½@14c; limburger, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss in tubs, 13½@14c; Swiss in square blocks, 13½@14c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 12@12½c; goose eggs, 75@90c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 80@90c per pair; live chickens, small, 65@75c; spring chickens, 70@80c, as to size; dressed chickens, 13@14c per pound; live ducks, 9@10 per pair; dressed, 17@18c per pound; live turkeys, 12@13c per pound; dressed, 17@18c per pound; live geese, $1.00@1.50 per pair.

PITTSBURG, April 7.

CATTLE—Receipts fair; 40 cars on sale; market steady. We quote: Prime, $4.25@4.35; good, $4.10@4.20; good butchers, $3.85@4.00; rough fat, $3.00@3.75; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.60; fresh cows and springers, $15@35

HOGS—Receipts light today; demand only fair; market slow We quote the following prices: Prime selected, $4.05@4.10, best Yorkers, $4.00@4.05; heavy hogs, $3.80@3.90; pigs as to quality, $3.00@4.00; roughs, $2.75@3.50

SHEEP—Supply for Monday, 12 cars, with the light run and good demand; market was active at an advance 25c a hundred on both sheep and lambs; receipts today, 6 cars; market firm. We quote as follows: Choice weathers, $4.15@4.25; prime sheep, $4.15@4.25; good, $4.00@4.15; fair, $3.65@3.85; common, $3.25@3.60; culls, $1.75@2.75; choice lambs, $4.80@5.00; common to good lambs, $3.50@4.60; ripped lambs, $4.40@4.65; spring lambs, $6.00@8.00; veal calves, $4.50@5.00; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, April 7.

HOGS—Market strong and easy at $3.25@3.80. Receipts, 3,000 head; shipments, 1,400 head.

CATTLE—Market firm at $2.50@4.25. Receipts, 400 head; shipments, 200 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market strong at $2.50@4.00. Receipts, 100 head; shipments, none. Lambs—Market strong at $3.50@4.85.

NEW YORK, April 7.

WHEAT—Spot market: No. 1 hard, 79¾c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market; No. 2, 38½c elevator.

OATS—Spot market dull; No. 2, 25½@25¾.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 9@10c dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 7½@7¾c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market active and slightly firmer on lambs. Sheep, poor to prime, $3.50@4.50; lambs, common to choice, $4.50@5.35.

HOGS—Market weak at $3.90@4.25.

### RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

OF THE BOROUGH OF EBENSBURG FROM MARCH 11, 1895, TO MARCH 9, 1896.

JOHN F. TIBBOTT, Collector and Treasurer.

| | Dr. |
|---|---|
| To balance due at last settlement | $ 492 10 |
| To amount received from E. C. Parrish, W. M | 72 00 |
| To amount received from R. L. Thomas, W. S | 2 488 37 |
| To amount received from Fee Lloyd burgess | 82 80 |
| To amount received from County Treasurer (License fee) | 456 00 |
| To amount refunded by J. A. Piercey | 1 75 |
| To amount of duplicate, 3½ mills, borough | 1 582 81 |
| To amount of duplicate, 2 mills, special | 904 54 |
| To amount added to delinquent taxpayers | 1 65 |
| To amount borrowed money from J. T. Davis, by order of Council | 1 000 00 |
| | $7 082 02 |

| | Cr. |
|---|---|
| To balance at settlement | $ 498 89 |

JOHN F. TIBBOTT, Collector and Treasurer

| | Cr. |
|---|---|
| By amount orders paid | $5 646 40 |
| By amount bonds lifted | 500 00 |
| By amount coupons lifted | 58 100 |
| By accrued interest | 1 75 |
| By exonerations | 3 54 |
| By rebate to taxpayers for prompt payment | 99 79 |
| By amount returned to County Commissioners | 9 24 |
| By 2 per cent. commission for collecting $1 724 99 | 34 50 |
| By 5 per cent. commission for collecting 4475 09 | 23 75 |
| By 2 per cent commission for paying out $6 268 15 | 125 36 |
| By amount due Borough | 498 89 |
| | $7 082 02 |

ITEMIZED STATEMENT OF BOROUGH EXPENSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Repairs | $ 876 39 |
| Light | 859 29 |
| Hauling | 392 90 |
| Street Commissioner | 147 48 |
| Curbing | 221 70 |
| Sewerage | 1 690 56 |
| Stone | 62 57 |
| Repairs at property of Kate Noon | 61 53 |
| Printing | 55 25 |
| Board of Health | 58 00 |
| Lumber | 71 80 |
| Police | 48 00 |
| Clerk's salary | 50 00 |
| Solicitor's salary | 25 00 |
| Bureess' salary | 25 00 |
| Hardware | 90 86 |
| Auditing | 26 00 |
| Crossings | 53 25 |
| Blacksmithing | 17 70 |
| Exonerations | 37 54 |
| Postage, etc | 1 31 |
| | $3 768 90 |

WATER WORKS

| | |
|---|---|
| Repairs | $ 286 50 |
| Fuel | 240 05 |
| Plumbing | 171 39 |
| Pipes, casting, etc | 4 8 61 |
| Superintendent's salary | 2 5 00 |
| Superintendent's extra pumping | 25 00 |
| Superintendent's extra work | 25 18 |
| Freight and drayage | 110 51 |
| Building stack | 156 88 |
| Ditching and laying pipes | 139 69 |
| Rent | 4 10 |
| Tax on loans | 23 56 |
| Hardware | 17 57 |
| Oil | 15 90 |
| Livery hire | 6 50 |
| Express | 4 60 |
| Printing | 3 00 |
| Stationery, etc | 2 65 |
| | $2 031 75 |

*$882 62 of this was paid from water fund, which is not included in water fund received from Superintendent

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance in hands of John F. Tibbott, treasurer | $ 498 89 |
| Balance in hands of E. C. Parrish, Weigh master | 21 32 |
| | $ 520 01 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Outstanding bonds, series of 1885 | $ 100 00 |
| Outstanding bonds, series of 1890 | 5 800 00 |
| Outstanding orders | 6 41 |
| Amount due R. L. Thomas, water superintendent | 25 |
| Amount due John T. Davis, borrowed money | 1 000 00 |
| | $6 906 66 |

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Ebensburg, do report that we have examined the accounts and vouchers of the receipts and expenditures of said borough for the year ending March 9, 1896, and find them correct as above stated.

WILLARD JONES,
A. J. WATERS,
SCHUYLER C. DAVIS, } Auditors.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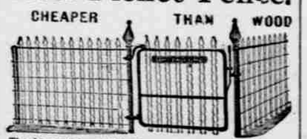

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